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Britain To Consult With Commonwealth Nations STRONG PRESSURE SEEN

London, October 3.
The Foreign Office spokesman said today Britain will consult with all Commonwealth and Atlantic Pact countries before making any decision on recognising the new Communist regime in China.

The spokesman said there already have been discussions among Atlantic pact signatories including the United States, on the Chinese question. It is understood the British government is already strongly inclined to recognise the Communist regime but that the date and conditions have yet to be decided. This presumably will be discussed with her Commonwealth and Atlantic Pact partners.

The government here is known to be under strong pressure from commercial interests to recognise the Communists in an attempt to safeguard British investments in China. In that respect, Britain's stake there is far greater than that of the United States.

Informed quarters said, however, that Britain would do nothing on recognition until the return from Nanking of the British Ambassador, Sir Ralph Stevenson. The Foreign Office said it was not yet known whether he had carried his return journey, and that he would consult with British officials in Hong Kong and Singapore before proceeding to London.

Pressure
Meantime, the China Association representing all British commercial interests, was stepping up its recognition pressure on the government. The Association contended the Chinese Nationalist Government had been attacked on the British and American governments had helped to bring about Soviet recognition of the Communists.

Russia's recognition of Communist China came earlier than was anticipated among official quarters here, who said it would signal active discussions on possible similar recognition in all Communist countries.

The British government was reported to be ready to recognise the Chinese Communist, but the date and conditions are not yet known.

The Foreign Office said there had been no official intimation of the Communist Government to foreign powers for diplomatic relations as broadcast yesterday from Peking.

The British press gave the report scant attention. The London "Times" alone gave prominence to the Moscow Radio announcement of recognition and the Communist "Daily Worker" contented itself with a three-inch column.

The "Times" editorial warned: "The British government must soon make up its mind when and under what conditions they will recognise the new rulers of the country in which Britain of all the Western powers has the largest financial and industrial investment."

The Foreign Minister, Mr. Yeh Kung-chao, made no reference to the latest Soviet action in his speech before the weekly memorial service at the Chungshan Memorial Hall. Devoting his speech to the complaint against the USSR the new foreign minister repeated that the complaint against Russia was decided by the UN Assembly for giving aid to the Chinese Communists. They declined to elaborate further.

The Foreign Minister, Mr. Yeh Kung-chao, made no reference to the latest Soviet action in his speech before the weekly memorial service at the Chungshan Memorial Hall. Devoting his speech to the complaint against the USSR the new foreign minister repeated that the complaint against Russia was decided by the UN Assembly for giving aid to the Chinese Communists. They declined to elaborate further.

No action was taken earlier, said Mr. Yeh, "because we hoped Soviet Russia would respect the treaty of 1945. On the contrary, Russia continued violation of this friendship treaty by fostering the

independence of Outer Mongolia, the conclusion of a trade treaty with the North East regime and the latest sponsoring of independence of Sinkiang."

Threat To Peace
In Canton, the Chinese Government tonight declared officially that Soviet recognition of the Chinese Communists is an act of aggression and a threat to the peace and security of the entire world.

The government also announced it is severing relations with Moscow and that it was taking steps to recall its diplomatic representative in the Soviet Union.

The statement was handed to the mission official at 9.30 p.m. after it was approved by the cabinet. Acting President Li Tsung-jen also was understood to be preparing a statement which would be released sometime later, tonight.

Premier Yen Hsi-shan will give a statement on behalf of the cabinet tomorrow morning, United Press.

JAP TREATY
London, October 3.
The Foreign Office spokesman said today that preliminary plans have been set for discussion of a Japan peace treaty.

However, no date for the commencement of negotiations has yet been established, he said.—United Press.



In this new picture of Princess Elizabeth Her Royal Highness is wearing a silver grey, off the shoulder evening gown with diamond tiara and pearl necklace. AP Photo.

Red Troops Push Into N. Kwangtung

(From Our Own Correspondent)

Canton, October 3.
Communist troops in South Hunan and South Kiangsi are pushing down into North Kwangtung in force with Wengyuan (Yungyuan) and Hsinfeng (Sunfeng) as the objectives. Another strong column is hammering at Chihkiang and Mayang in West Hunan with the object of advancing into Szechuen and Kweichow provinces.

General Pai Chung-hsi who flew here yesterday afternoon from his field headquarters in Hengyang reported to Acting President Li Tsung-jen on the latest Communist thrusts and the two men mapped out plans to meet the advances. They then responded to the request of Generalissimo Chiang Kai-shek to attend a military conference under the auspices of the Kuomintang Emergency Council.

The Council is reported to have adopted General Pai's plans on the defence of North Kwangtung and West Hunan. One source said General Pai may be asked to become concurrently Minister of Defence

so that he may have overall command of the entire Nationalist front.

Government bombers were in action today in bombing the columns of Communist troops and supplies moving from South Kiangsi into Nanhshung in readiness for the big Communist push. The government planes carried out sorties up to almost dusk yesterday in scattering up long lines of Red units and vehicles on the highway from Tayu in Kiangsi to Nanhshung. Most of the Communist movements are now at night.

80,000 Men
One report said that even the Communist Kwangtung and Kiangsi column commanded by Tseng Sheng has reached Kwangtung soil to join in the coming offensive. The attacker is likely to bring up to 80,000 men into their final onslaught with Canton as the objective.

However, the Reds hit a snag owing to the envelopment of 6,000 guerrillas in Lungmen, 70 miles North of Canton, by government troops and the breaking up of another big guerrilla unit near Hoyuen on the East River.

In West Hunan, General Pai Chung-hsi ordered General Huang Chieh, Governor of Hunan, to manoeuvre his defences according to plan. Besides the troops of General Huang Chieh, there is a big force of Nationalists under General Sung Hsi-lien along the Szechuen-Hunan-Kweichow border.

One reliable report said that the Communists occupied Chihkiang in West Hunan, which is the provincial capital. Other Red units have renewed attacks on Hengyang railway town in Hunan and outer bastion of Nationalist defence lines.

There is not much change in the Amoy situation, as the garrison on the island is still holding out. Generalissimo Chiang Kai-shek, after an 11-day stay in Canton left by his special plane very early this morning for Amoy en route to Formosa. He told Kuomintang chiefs he would return here in two weeks.

LEONG BEE ARRIVES BACK IN HONG KONG

Radio Officer, Bernard J. Williams, of the ss. Leong Bee, a British Merchant ship that was captured by the Nationalist navy after it had run the blockade to Shanghai, tells the story of the Leong Bee from the time it left Hong Kong until its release in Tinghai from the Nationalists on September 28. The Leong Bee arrived in Hong Kong last night.

The story is probably one of the most complete recordings of a blockade-running ship so far recorded.

When the 550-ton British vessel Edith Moller made its run of the Nationalist blockade of Shanghai and returned to Hong Kong unscathed, the local press was of the opinion that it was a venture engineered by the Colony's shipping community to ascertain whether the Nationalist blockade was effective or not.

The vessel's safe return amply indicated to the ever venturesome Hong Kong shippers that the blockade was not quite foolproof. As a result there was more speculation this time on the part of the shipping community that the Nationalist blockade of Hong Kong was not quite foolproof.

Very soon, however, we were more confident now and less sceptical. That was how the mv. Leong Bee of British Registry on which I serve as a Radio Officer came to be singled out for another attempt to run the Nationalist blockade of the Red-occupied port of Shanghai.

On the forenoon of the August 23 the Leong Bee with a general cargo which included everything from printing paper to penicillin and strychnine left Hong Kong bound for Shanghai. Within 24 hours of leaving it was met by another British vessel the Sin Soon Lee.

Salutary greetings were exchanged, and then much to our surprise we were informed that she was returning to Hong Kong after an unsuccessful attempt to enter Shanghai.

Tenseness Prevades
As dusk fell on the August 27 everyone on board was alerted and a certain degree of tenseness seemed to pervade the atmosphere. We were now in the danger zone, all deck lights were extinguished and other domestic lighting was curtailed as a precautionary measure against any lurking patrol vessels.

Lookouts were strengthened for picking out Shanghai Island that rises out of the sea and marks the entrance to the Northern Channel to Shanghai.

Around 10.30 p.m. it was sighted, speed was increased to maximum and under cover of darkness we skinned over a fairly calm sea in the direction and past the island into the channel and temporary safety. The time was about 1 a.m. of the 28th and we had evaded the Nationalist patrols.

We reached Shanghai the next day. By September 6, the ship was loaded and information was passed out to us that we were to leave immediately. Those were the orders of the China Bureau of Navigation and a fair ship was hurriedly got ready for sea.

Almost simultaneously with the boarding of five foreign passengers we slipped moorings and were under way. At Woosung the pilots who were supposed to guide us out into the open sea suddenly decided to desert us.

However on the morning of the 7th we weighed anchor and headed for Shanghai Island again. This time our way was clear, seas surrounding this island which was supposed to serve as a landmark held its own dangers too as we were soon to find out, for when approaching in its direction we ran aground on an uncharted mudbank.

In this position we were very vulnerable to attacks from Nationalist planes if spotted, but we were lucky to refloat in quite a short while.

During this process of refloating all eyes scanned the horizon and a lookout reported sighting a dark object. It was then determined that it was a vessel of unknown identity, and it was a matter of conjecture for the rest of the day whether the vessel sighted was a friendly craft or a Nationalist patrol vessel.

This new situation caused us to double back on our tracks and it was arranged then that we were to attempt a getaway in the night. At 9 p.m. we steamed out

again, although there was a bright moon and a strong tide against us. All eyes were glued to the horizon where we had sighted the craft in the morning. The captain, meanwhile, was guiding the vessel through the treacherous waters to the open sea. And then we saw it, following the looming shape of Shaweishan—a new dark shape silhouetted against the horizon.

Closes In
We could not turn back now as we were almost within reach of freedom and although the silhouette of the vessel on the horizon became clearer we still maintained the speed and kept going on ahead. Very soon, however, we detected that the unidentified vessel was also steaming towards us and as we went along she closed in.

By 11 p.m. she was easily identified as a naval craft but we were still in doubt as regards her identity, as all her lights were off and she was only another dark shape flitting through the water towards us.

Evidently she did a good turn of speed for soon enough she had caught up with us and she made a Morse signal by light. "Wait ship" she queried, and while in the process of answering her "Leong Bee British" we saw the flash of a gun and a shell sailed uncomfortably close to us and over the ship. "Stop Engines" was the order and we were ordered to stop engines when we were fired on again this time across the bows.

She followed this burst of fire with another signal to say that she was coming "Along-side-You" and topped the proceedings with two more volleys. The craft which we now identified as Nationalist was a Japanese destroyer escort type, she drew alongside with all her guns trained on us.

After issuing a babel of orders in Chinese over a loud hailer which we could not understand, she pulled out, and was seen lowering a boat away. We then knew that we were soon to be hosts to a boarding party from the Nationalist destroyer. She was only about a quarter of a mile away when the Captain instructed me to get a signal away to Hong Kong as quickly as possible.

I got the message away to Hong Kong informing them of our capture by the Nationalist destroyer and that we were anchored off Shaweishan Island. That was the first and the last message to be sent for quite a long time for no sooner was the destroyer alongside when a party of five personnel from the vessel boarded the Leong Bee. They hurried up to the bridge, accosted the Captain, demanded the ship's Log Book which was promptly handed over to the waiting destroyer and then we were subjected to questions.

(Continued On Page 2)

U.S. Vessel Enters Shanghai

Shanghai, October 3.
The Flying Trader came into Shanghai this afternoon after waiting three and a half days off the Yangtze entrance during the interception of the Flying Independent and Flying Clipper by Nationalist naval ships, according to United Press.

The 7,000-ton ship, arriving via Hong Kong, brought 3,500 tons of general cargo and mail.

A high official in A. P. Patterson, sole agents for Isbrandtsen Shipping Line, said yesterday in Hong Kong, that the Company will send another ship to Shanghai on October 15.

The ship, Flying Cloud, will be the fourth Isbrandtsen ship to leave for Shanghai within the past fortnight.

The Nationalist navy intercepted the Flying Clipper and the Flying Independent as they were leaving Shanghai after breaching the blockade, and discharging their cargoes of oil and cotton.

Another Isbrandtsen ship, Flying Trader, stopped at the entrance of the Yangtze when the Flying Clipper and Flying Independent were detained by a Nationalist destroyer.

The Patterson official said that the Flying Cloud will take a cargo of cotton, oil, and probably some rubber to Shanghai.

He added: "In the past, the British have let the Nationalist Navy twist the Lion's tail, but the United States is allowing the Eagle to be plucked bare naked."

"However, our ships are on legitimate trade, and we are not easily dissuaded from carrying on our business wherever we want."

The United States State Department yesterday ordered their representative in Canton, Mr. Robert Strong, to protest strongly to the Nationalist Government over the detention of the three American merchant ships.

Previous instructions to their Canton representative have requested that the Nationalist Government supply the American State Department with information about the detention of the merchant vessels.

GOULD TO FLY TO AMERICA

Tokyo, October 3.
Mr. Randall Gould, formerly editor of the Shanghai Evening Post and Mercury and his wife, will leave by plane on October 8 for the United States.

They arrived in Japan from Shanghai aboard the President Line vessel General Gordon—Reuter.

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The Weather

At 0600 GMT, (5 p.m. HEST) the typhoon is centred 250 miles ESE of Hong Kong and is approaching the Colony at about 12 knots. Its circulation is very extensive and easterly gradients are particularly strong over the Eastern Sea to an anti-cyclone centred N of Korea.

Today's Forecast—Strong Northerly winds varying to East, and possibly reaching gale force in the afternoon. Weather deteriorating to heavy squalls rain.

Yesterday's Weather—Maximum: 89.3 deg. Fah. Minimum: 80.0 deg. Fah. Sunshine: 12 hours.

Rainfall: Nil. Total since Jan. 1—1584.9 mm.—742.9 in.—as against an average of 1969.9 mm.—77.56 in.

Readings at 10 a.m. 4 p.m.
Baro. at m.s.l. 1008.2 999.1 m.b. Equals 29.62 29.50 inches.
Rel. Humidity 65 57 %
New Point 71 70 deg. F.
Wind Direction NNW NW by N
Wind Force 12 16 knots.
Time 11.00 11.00
High 0829 6.9
Low 0207 4.2
Low 0207 4.2
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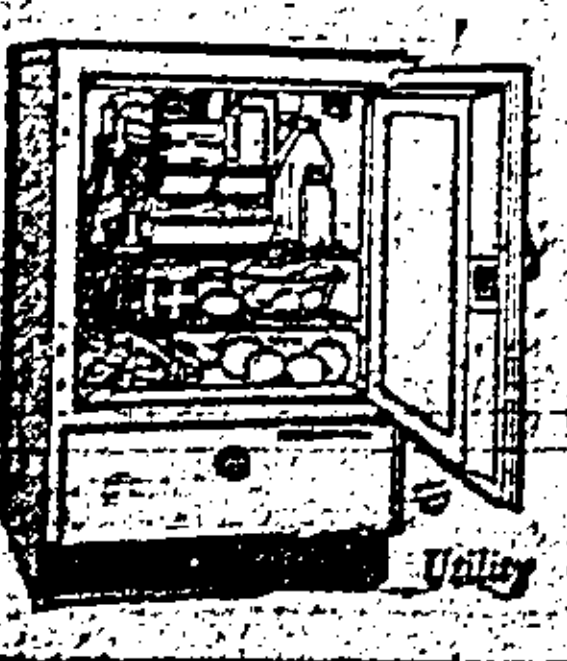
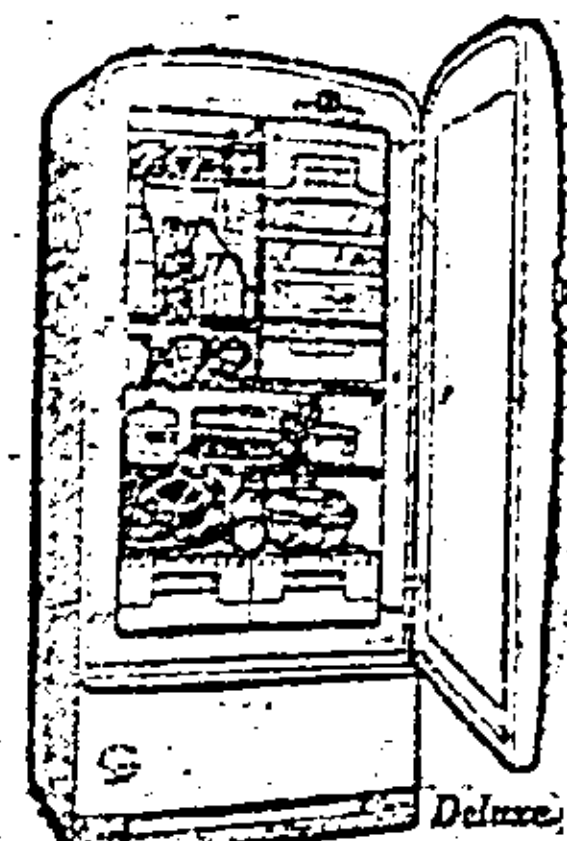
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CLUB FOR SERVICEMEN IN KOWLOON OPENING

Ordinance Amendment

The Landlord and Tenant Ordinance is to be amended. A Bill containing the proposed amendments will have its First Reading at tomorrow's Legislative Council meeting. Details of the Bill were not available yesterday.

Personalia

Week-end departures from the Peninsula Hotel included Mr. and Mrs. D.D. Randall, Mr. and Mrs. O. Starnfield, Mr. and Mrs. J.A. Katz, Mrs. C.M. Boudry, Mr. and Mrs. J.A. Davis, Messrs. R.S. Richardson, B. Pictore, N. Montenegro, J.A. Mitchell, R.P. Conlon, V. Barnier, J.L. Bromfield, A.J. Storey, P.J. Somph, D.O. Russell, H.P. Vincent, C.W. Chen, and T.H. Green.

Among the new arrivals at the Peninsula Hotel during the week-end were Mrs. T.K. Kuo, Mrs. A. Reyes-Bresson, Mr. and Mrs. A.E. Hawkins, Mr. and Mrs. R.P. John, Mr. and Mrs. W. Kaley, Captain and Mrs. J.L. Harper, Captain and Mrs. H.G. Littlefield, Mr. and Mrs. H.G. McConaghey, Messrs. W.N. Connor, J.P. Noley, M.B. Williamson, E.F. Sims, R.P. McNair, E.G. Dale, P.Y. Sze, J.C. Carter, A.T.C. Kao, N. Rosfeld, and A. Cunio.

Passengers who arrived in the Colony by CPA from Bangkok Singapore and Rangoon included Mr. Koo Yao-kwang, Mr. J.J. Kopes, Capt. H.O. Littlefield, Capt. B.R. Williams, Mr. Chu Har-kong, Mr. Ng Chee-sang, Mrs. R.F. De Guzman, Mrs. F. Quianbo, Mr. Chih Wai-chang, and Capt. J. Mills.

Among those who left by CPA for Bangkok and Singapore were Mr. John McKinley, Mrs. Mary Skett, Comdr. E.J.D. Morahan, Mr. Derek P. Allen, Capt. Hampshir, Mr. Anthony Saratt, Mr. William N. Conner, Mr. Eric G. Dale, Mr. J. Sullivan, Mr. Chor How-king, Mr. Tan Tiang-chang.

Dr. A.J.S. Macfarlane will address the Y's Men's Club of Hong Kong on Thursday at the Roof Garden, Hong Kong Hotel, at 12.45 p.m.

Mr. A.H.P. Bart will address the Kowloon Rotary Club on Thursday at the Peninsula Hotel at 12.30 p.m. His subject will be "I stoked my way home."

WEDDINGS

The following forthcoming weddings have been announced: Alan Arthur Whitney, civil servant, of Hotel Miramar, Kowloon, and Miss Anna Caroline Chiu, stenographer, of 23 Ashley Road.
Frank Henry Harris, missionary, of the China Inland Mission, of Chungking, Szechuen, and Miss Eunice Antonette, residing at present at the Soldiers and Sailors Home, Hennessy Road, Wanchai.
Edward Henry Michael Shuster, electrician, of Mt. Ocmide, and Miss Therese Marina Finn, of 55 Homantin Avenue, ground floor.

The wedding of Thomas George Henry Evans, of the Royal Naval Yard Police, and Miss Choy Hin-bing, of 58 Gloucester Road, first floor, took place at the Supreme Court Marriage Registrar's Office yesterday in the presence of F.W. Walker, and Mrs. Lee Shu-lan.

DOUBLE TENTH

The Department of Commerce and Industry will be closed on Thursday, and Monday, for all purposes except for entry and clearance of ships' manifests between 9 a.m. and 10 a.m. The Marine Department will also be closed on the two days except Port Control Office, Marine Licensing Office, Entry and Clearance Office, which will be open from 9 a.m. to 11 a.m. only.

Owing to uncertain weather conditions, the Moonlight Revelry Party at Eucliff, October 12, Tickets sold for Tomorrow will be valid for October 12.

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Members of the Services in Kowloon will have a club of their own, with accommodation for nearly 400, when the Services Club, housed in premises formerly occupied by the Nathan Theatre, Nathan Road, is opened this evening.

In the hands of the Forces Civilian Welfare and Entertainment Committee, a body appointed by Government to cater to the welfare of the Forces, the premises have been entirely converted and renovated.

The main hall is now a cafeteria and restaurant, and further down the pit of the theatre there is a small dance floor. Seating accommodation is available for about 350.

A bar at the farther end of the main hall will serve drinks and light refreshments. Musical entertainment will be provided by radio and rediffusion.

On the upper floor there are a reading room, a writing room and a cloak room.

Information Bureau. Newcomers to the Colony will find the information Bureau very helpful. It is a guide to the ins and outs of the Colony, and provides information on many other matters. Running of the Club will be in the hands of the ladies of Kowloon, all voluntary workers, who will work in shifts to look after the entertainment of the Services.

The Club opens from 12 noon to 11 o'clock at night from Tuesday to Sunday weekly. It is closed on Monday to give the ladies a holiday, and to enable Stocks to be checked.

Good Job. Credit for the rapid transformation of the premises must be given to the Management Committee under the chairmanship of Mr. C.E. Terry, who with his colleagues has devoted much time to bringing the club into being within such a short time.

The other members of the committee are Mr. W.T. Grimdale, Mr. R.H. Jones, Mr. Cyril Wood, Mr. G.N. Thomson, Miss W.G. Robertson (convener of the Ladies' Auxiliary), and Mr. W.H. Scott (Garrison Sergeant Major, who acts as liaison officer for the Services).

The Officer Administering the Government, Mr. J.E. Nicoll, will officiate this evening at the formal opening ceremony.

Correspondence. The Editor takes no responsibility for views expressed in letters by correspondents, and by no means necessarily agrees with them.

The Blockade

Sir,—It is world news that two British ships were intercepted by the Chinese Nationalist Navy on the high seas and held indefinitely, despite the protests made by the British authorities to expedite their release. It was only a few days ago that the world heard that three more ships this time American were also held forcibly at the mouth of the Yangtze.

Undoubtedly there will be varied opinions expressed at the conduct of the Nationalists, some in favour others not. I for one, still a serving member of one of the British vessels intercepted and subsequently released, intend to express my views on this particular case.

The m.v. Leong Bee was intercepted by a Chinese Nationalist destroyer on the return from Shanghai. We were to the South of Shaveishan Island that marks the entrance to the Northern Channel when we were spotted and intercepted. On identifying the vessel that intercepted us as a Nationalist vessel, the Captain, a Britisher, did his utmost to comply with any reasonable requests made or orders given. But to relate his attitude of compliance and comradery were only met with rebuffs, apathy, suspicion and worse.

To begin with, when we were intercepted, the destroyer challenged us with the question "What are you?" followed by "What ship?" This was promptly answered, but in the very process of replying we were subject to gunfire. However we put this burst of fire to be the conventional warning and reduced speed. Immediately after we were asked to "Stop Engines" and anchor, which order was also complied with as much alacrity as possible, but here again we came under fire, this time the shell passing uncomfortably over and across the ship's funnel. A further signal was received from the naval craft indicating that she was coming alongside us and even before acknowledgement from us could be flashed across in reply we were witness to another flash from the Nationalist guns and another shell whistled past the Leong Bee.

I had the good fortune to be serving with a unit of the Royal Navy aloft for a period of five years and aboard a patrol vessel, and as such I can claim a fair knowledge of the procedure adopted in intercepting unidentified vessels, but never have I experienced or have I heard of three warning salvos being fired to halt a ship that was already at anchor, with her engines stopped and not showing any hostility to the interceptors at all. This was what happened to the Leong Bee.

We came out of this action unscathed but nevertheless there was always the danger of being hit as the last two salvos were almost fired at point blank range. The destroyer came alongside and we noticed that all her guns were trained on our bridge. A boarding party of five of the destroyers personnel clambered aboard and without much ado accosted the Captain and demanded the ship's Log Book, which he surrendered to the destroyer.

On the noon of the next day when we were being escorted to Tientsin Harbour in the Chinese Archipelago a vessel which we presumed to be a British vessel signalled across "What ship?" our escort immediately on observing the signals drew closer to the Leong Bee and trained all her guns on the bridge presumably with obvious intent to prevent us making contact with the vessel signalling.

There was a naval party aboard us among whom was a Chinese Radio Operator from the destroyer, who could have easily read what was being transmitted by light waves if he had made a reply. But we were not permitted to do so. Furthermore our escort which carried visual signalling made no attempt whatsoever to answer the unknown vessel either. This high handed action of the Nationalists I deplore, we were not allowed to use our own radio, no light signals were to be made in other words we were to be forcibly cut off from the outside world.

I am just a seafarer with no political tendencies, but still I would like to know whether the Nationalists were justified in causing all this ignominy to a vessel that flew the British Flag. If as the Nationalists may have claimed we were intercepted in the blockade area, had the Nationalists the right to hold the vessel under duress and further disrupt her communications with the outside world? Have the particular circumstances under which we were intercepted been so-called blockade?

My honest surmise is that this type of action borders on piracy and brigandage under the cover of a so called legalised blockade they are developing piratical tendencies. The capture of the Leong Bee is sufficient proof of this.

In this connection I would also draw the attention of this journal's readers to the recent Hong Kong incident. This particular British steamer was well out of Chinese territorial waters when she was intercepted and subsequently let free by Nationalist patrol craft. The Hong Kong based "Edith Moller" was also held in Chusan with the Leong Bee. I was witness to her cargo being seized and unloaded on the Chusan wharves. For some time there was no news from either vessel which was self evident that the vessels were being held under duress. May I ask why? If as the Nationalists claimed the two vessels were in the area blockaded, then why were they not rightfully and under Nationalist supervision allowed to inform their Consular officials and agents of their whereabouts?

What rights have they to enforce radio silence when British vessels are carrying valuable radio communication? They may answer that if the radio was used it may be detrimental to their security measures. This I can say would be a very poor excuse if they had one of their own vessels operating on board which could have been through anything we sent as he would have used Plain Language.

I am of opinion that their actions have been very high handed, and cannot in the interests of all seagoing nations be totally ignored. If they were given free reign it won't be long before they spread their sphere of operations to the open China Seas and



The new Services Club in Kowloon—formerly the Nathan Theatre—which is to be opened this evening by the Officer Administering the Government, Mr. J. E. Nicoll. ("China Mail" photo)

Two Surviving Victims Of Murderous Attack Testify

The two surviving victims of a murderous attack by a secret society, led by a notorious outlaw known as "Four Eyes," yesterday took the stand to testify against five of their alleged assailants.

The five men in the dock are jointly charged with the murder of one of three ticket scalpers on May 7 outside the China Theatre, Wanchai. They are alleged to have used Japanese type swords, knives and choppers.

The accused are Chan Kam-chuen alias Ah Tsai, Chan Kam-chuen alias Ngai Tsai, Kwan Hung alias Lang Kung, Leong Kuan and Li Wing alias Tai Shan. First, second and fifth persons are defended by Mr. V.L. Dalton instructed by Mr. A. el Arcaill. Mr. A. J. Clifford, on the instructions of Mr. A.M.L. Soares, is for the other two.

The case is being tried by an all-men jury before Mr. Justice Gould, Puisne Judge.

Mr. M. Heenan, Crown Counsel, assisted by Detective Sub-Inspector M.J.G. Saul, is prosecuting.

According to the prosecution, the attack concerned had been carefully planned and ruthlessly carried out, which resulted in the death of Chan Hoi and the wounding of Lai So and Ip Cher.

Mention was also made by Crown Counsel that it was unfortunate that this man "Four Eyes," through fear of consequences, that might befall them should they refuse.

On the evening concerned, Chan Hoi, deceased, and the others, were approached with death threats for free tickets, which they refused, as they did not at first believe these demands came from "Four Eyes" as purported.

Fell Upon Scalpers Consequently, "Four Eyes" later in the evening came leading a gang of about 12 men, who proceeded to fall upon the three unnamed ticket scalpers with Japanese swords, knives and choppers, killing Chan Hoi and wounding the other two.

After Lai So, ticket scalper, gave evidence yesterday he was cross-examined by Mr. D'Alton, in the course of which he asserted that he was not in the vicinity of the "Four Eyes" when the latter approached Chan Hoi on the evening in question.

Immediately after the attack, witness said, he saw Chan Hoi being pursued by second accused and "Four Eyes" in the direction of Hennessy Road. He himself was running towards Queen's Road East.

Witness admitted that he did not see second accused actually strike the deceased. He, however, saw "Four Eyes" strike Chan Hoi.

Questioned about one Lai Wai, who was also attacked in another section of the district on the same evening, witness asserted that he was a cousin of his.

So further disclosed that Lai Wai had told him he was leaving Hong Kong. He has since left.

Replying to a question, witness said he did not know whether his cousin was under duress, but he was under duress, he said, when he was arrested, but was subsequently set free. As to the date when he was released, witness said he could not remember.

After witness had been cross-examined at length by Mr. Clifford, the next witness, Ip Cher, took the stand to give corroborative evidence.

Hearing will continue at 10 this morning.

intercept other vessels on normal maritime pursuits on the pretext that they had infringed the blockade boundaries.

It is therefore a duty on the part of the Powers that are entitled to enforce the International Maritime Law to bring such delinquents to book, for the Maritime Law is not intended to be a power to hold or intercept any vessel on the high seas or cause interference to its normal pursuits of sea trade.

BENWILLIE.

Leong Bee Arrives Back In HK

(Continued from Page 1)

On September 12 at noon we received orders from the destroyer to heave up anchor and follow her. We were told that we were being taken under escort to Tientsin Harbour, the Nationalist Naval Base in the Chusan Archipelago.

Another Escort We had steamed for about three hours when another Nationalist Destroyer Escort joined our escort and the three vessels headed Chusan way. Shortly after another vessel was sighted which signalled "what ship, what name?"

On seeing these light signals from the unknown vessel, our original escort came close towards us and levelled guns on our bridge.

We could not therefore answer the calls being made and neither did the two Nationalist Escort vessels answer the unidentified craft that kept on frantically repeating the signal "what ship, what name?"

The suspicious movements of our escorts inclined us to deduce that the vessel that signalled was a British Naval vessel. Soon also was lost to view as it was getting darker and darker.

Our three new guards at Tientsin seemed to develop an intense dislike for the ship's personnel, and spared no feelings to express their displeasure. One of them had "commandeered" a collapsible camp bed that belonged to one of the passengers, and another had calmly walked in to the captain's cabin and taken up one of his chairs on to the bridge where they were on guard.

This was subsequently brought to the notice of the Captain who quite rightly resented their brazenness. He went up to the bridge and requested them to return the articles. In answer he found himself staring into the muzzle of a service revolver which one of the guards had pulled on him.

He stood his ground, when the three guards all surrounded him and ordered him off the bridge of the vessel of which he was the Captain. The second miscreant shortly after this ugly incident went to the bridge to wind the ships' chronometer, and he promptly ordered off the bridge and was soon to be followed by a much surprised quartermaster who had unwittingly gone up to his duty of rigging the ships' bell.

On the eve of September 16 Captain Hall of the Edith Moller, in the company of a warrant Officer of the Chinese Navy, came aboard our ship and told us that the local authorities had agreed that the five passengers on our vessel were to be transferred to his vessel for transport to Hong Kong.

On the morning of the next day, we parted company with our passengers who sailed the day after. The Edith Moller sailed close by to us as she left the harbour and we gave them quite a farewell with our sirens going and a general waving of hands.

After their departure we were left to ourselves until the 20th noon when six naval officers boarded the vessel. The crew were ordered on deck as we were told that the personnel were to be interrogated.

The interrogation was only completed late the next evening and after having taken down our signed statements they left us with the remark that we would hear in reply after a few days as they had to consult with the Canton authorities regarding the interrogation.

Almost In Tears. The very next day, a 16-year-old Chinese tally clerk of the ship was sent for at about 11 a.m. and returned late in the evening. The youngster was almost in tears. On inquiry being made as to why he was looking so depressed, we were told that he had been threatened first with detention, then slapped and even assaulted with a baton. He said the Nationalists ashore had wanted him to admit the presence of two imaginary Communists who were supposed to be on board the Leong Bee.

Two days after the subsequent change-over of the five European passengers, the Edith Moller sailed for Hong Kong after being granted official release by the Nationalist Government. We had seen her off with our sirens blowing and numerous farewell waves to each other as she glided out past our ship and out of Tientsin Harbour.

A week after her departure we were officially informed by the shore authorities that we too had been granted release, and that our cargo would not be seized as other as she glided out past our ship and out of Tientsin Harbour. A week after her departure we were officially informed by the shore authorities that we too had been granted release, and that our cargo would not be seized as other as she glided out past our ship and out of Tientsin Harbour.

On the morning of the 29th we were back to radio communication with Hong Kong again and also in touch with a British naval patrol in the vicinity.

Cut In Water On The Peak

It was officially stated yesterday that consumption of water on The Peak is so high that it is impossible to maintain even a 17-hour supply from 6 a.m. to 11 p.m. During the week-end nearly all the service reservoirs were empty, and the position will not improve until the work of laying a number of new mains is completed. This work is now in hand.

In the meantime the supply must be further restricted, and, in addition to the present restricted period between 11 p.m. and 6 a.m., the water will also be shut off between 10 a.m. and 4 p.m. until further notice, added the statement.

The use of mains water for watering gardens is prohibited.

KAI TAK TOPICS

Large scale precautionary measures were taken at Kai Tak yesterday following the issue of the typhoon warning.

One of the first to take action was C.A.T.C. who ordered 17 of their aircraft stationed here to fly to Canton for shelter. Other airlines including C.N.A.C. were taking similar action. Aircraft parked at Kai Tak during the blow last month suffered extensively.

Most scheduled flights for today have been cancelled.

Mr. G. M. Hughes, Managing Director of the American National Assurance Company Limited, enplaned by Air France for Saigon yesterday.

Mr. Hughes, a Vice-President of an insurance company with a branch office in Saigon, is making an inspection visit. He will be back in the Colony within a week.

Karamlinda Singh, one-time leading hockey player and sportsman in Hong Kong left for Calcutta yesterday. Singh is continuing his law studies in the Calcutta University. He expects to be called to the bar in 1951, after adding another year of law studies in Gray's Inn, London.

Singh returned to Hong Kong some time ago following his father's death here. He left yesterday with his wife.

Mr. Robert Wolfe, publisher of the "Columbia Dispatch" Ohio, was a transit passenger in Hong Kong yesterday. During the two-hour layover of his plane, Mr. Wolfe made a hurried inspection of the New Territories with both eyes on reinforcements quartered there. He was accompanied by Mr. Wayne Richardson, AP bureau manager in Hong Kong.

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BENWILLIE.

Bill To Control Foreign Representatives To Have First Reading Today

Reminders

Today

Bridge Drive, European YMCA, (for members and Servicemen), 8 p.m.
HK Rotary Club luncheon, Roof Garden, HK Hotel, 12.30 p.m.
Sino-British Club Gramophone Recital, Queen's College hall, Kennedy Road, 8.30 p.m.
Yankise Finance Co. Ltd., annual general meeting, Queen's Bldg., 11.30 a.m.
HK Reel Club, Helena May Institute, 5.30 p.m.
Kowloon Union Church Women's Guild meeting, 10 a.m.
HK Light Orchestra rehearsal, HK & Shanghai bank, public hall, 6.45 p.m.
Swimming Heats, Victoria Recreation Club, 6 p.m.
HK Women's Council, general meeting, YMCA, Duddell St., 5.15 p.m.
Opening of Nine Dragons Services Club, former Nathan Theatre, 7 p.m.

Coming Events

TOMORROW

Debating and Discussion Group meeting, European YMCA, 8.45 p.m.
Weekly Flag Whist Morning (Women's Section) European YMCA, 10 a.m.
Legislative Council meeting, CSO, 2.30 p.m.
Mahjong Class, European YMCA, 8 p.m.

THURSDAY

The Barnstons variety show, European YMCA, 8 p.m.
Kowloon Rotary Club luncheon, Peninsula Hotel, 12.30 p.m.
Y's Men's Club luncheon, Roof Garden, HK Hotel, 12.45 p.m.

Sequel To Traffic Accident

An accident in Causeway Bay Road on Sunday, in which a pedestrian was seriously injured after it was alleged, being knocked into the bay, had a sequel at Central yesterday when Sum Kam-shueung, driver of car No. 3452, was brought before Mr. Hin-shing Lo on a charge of driving without due care and attention.

The injured man, who was picked up by a military lorry, died a few hours after admission to Queen Mary Hospital. On the application of Sub-Inspector Parkes, the defendant, who was out on \$500 bail, was remanded one week for further inquiries.

Inspector Parkes said that on Sunday morning, defendant, who lived at 28 Connaught Road, was driving along Causeway Bay Road in an easterly direction when his attention was diverted by a crowd quarrelling in front of the Navy Football Ground. He pulled his car to the curb and stopped.

When he started his car again the defendant forgot to turn the steering wheel to neutral causing the car to swerve to the left and knocking the pedestrian, who was still unidentified yesterday, into the sea.

The car, which was carrying a woman passenger at the time, also plunged into the sea. All the persons were taken out of the water by junk people.

COMMITTED TO TRIAL

Lau Chik-sun, 21-year-old electrical engineer, was committed to stand trial by Mr. Hin-shing Lo at Central yesterday on two charges of uttering letters demanding money with menaces.

It was alleged that accused, who was born in Kobe, did on August 17 and 18, respectively, send two letters to Tam Shiu-ye of 10 Clearance Terrace, demanding \$200 from him in the name of the "People's Welfare Society" as a loan.

A trap was set by the police and accused was arrested.

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A Bill aimed at controlling representatives of foreign organisations, capable of being employed to project the political aims or doctrines of foreign states or political systems will have its First Reading at tomorrow's Legislative Council meeting.

The Bill provides exemption for accredited representatives of any foreign state which means any territory except Eire, the territory of any member of the Commonwealth, and any territory mandated or under trusteeship to or administered by any such member.

The regulations shall provide that no person shall function on behalf of a foreign power without the consent of the Governor. The regulations shall not apply to accredited representatives, persons exempted by the Governor and members of the staff of an accredited representative in possession of valid and subsisting certificate of exemption.

Whenever it shall appear to the Governor, that any person is reasonably suspected of having contravened or of intending to contravene the provisions, he may by warrant under the hand of the Colonial Secretary, authorize the search of any premises vessel or place upon or in which such person resides or carries on business or is suspected of having contravened or having intention to contravene the provisions.

Such warrant shall be sufficient authority to any police officer or above the rank of inspector to enter at any time any premises vessel or place named in the warrant, if necessary by force, and to search such premises vessel or place and any person found thereon and to seize anything which he may find on such premises vessel or place or on any such person which he considers to be evidence that an offence against this Ordinance has been or is about to be committed.

The issue of a warrant under the preceding subsection shall be sufficient authority for the police officer executing such warrant to seal any place of premises named in the warrant and to affix at the entrance to such place or premises a notice that such place or premises are sealed by virtue of the powers accorded by this section.

The Penalties

Any person thereafter entering such premises or place without lawful authority or excuse shall be guilty of an offence and on summary conviction shall be liable to imprisonment for a term not exceeding three years and to a fine not exceeding three thousand dollars.

If the person reasonably suspected is a firm, corporation, association or other organization of persons the expression "such person" shall include the partners of such firm and the directors and officers of such corporation and the officers of such association or organization.

Any person contravening the provisions shall be guilty of an offence and on conviction upon indictment shall be liable to imprisonment for a term not exceeding five years and to a fine not exceeding ten thousand dollars.

Where a person, convicted of an offence against this Ordinance is a body corporate, the chairman and every director and every officer of such body corporate at the time such offence was committed shall be guilty of that offence, unless he proves that the act or omission constituting the offence took place without his knowledge or consent.

A prosecution for an offence under this section shall not be instituted except by or with the consent of the Attorney General.

New Tendency

An official explanatory note on the reasons and object of the new Bill states that it has long been the practice in international relations for a State, desiring to establish representation within the territory of another State to invite the consent of the Government to representation in such form has been ignored.

Consequently a need exists for legislation to impose a measure of control. The need is increased by the fact that representation in the Colony for the purpose of commercial organizations, which are subject to foreign state or political control is capable of being employed to project the political aims or doctrines of such foreign states or political systems.

Hearing In \$900,000 Claim Case

Further hearing of the \$900,000 claim at the Supreme Court was adjourned yesterday until 10 a.m. today after Mr. James Man Lee, Chinese barrister, had given evidence for the plaintiff.

Mr. Lee, who had already testified at previous hearings as an expert on Chinese law, gave further evidence as to whether the provisional constitution, the permanent constitution and the law governing the principles for making laws were applicable to regulations passed in August 1947.

A. V. White, of 3 College Road, who is the plaintiff, is represented by Mr. Leo d'Almada, KC, and Mr. D. A. I. Wright, both instructed by Mr. M. A. da Silva, F. C. Roberts, of 96 Robinson Road, is defended by Mr. H. G. Sheldon, and Mr. A. J. Clifford, on the instructions of Sir Man-kam Lo.

White, who is related by marriage to defendant, claims the sum in question is owing by defendant to him by virtue of alleged transactions in foreign exchange in Shanghai during 1947 and 1948.

Defendant denies such transactions took place between himself and plaintiff, or that if they did occur, then they were illegal and therefore not valid.

Gold Ordered To Be Returned

A total of 196 taels of gold was ordered to be returned to a Peiping man and a Shanghai merchant at Kowloon yesterday.

Charged with importing gold without a permit, Sing Chuen-man, aged 26, and Chow Ting-man, aged 32, were arrested at Kai Tak airport on Sunday after a CNAC aircraft had arrived from Hong Kong.

Prosecuting Revenue Inspector Fowler told the court that the aircraft was originally meant for Canton. She had been slightly behind schedule and was diverted here before leaving for Canton.

He further said that if the amount of gold involved was not as big as it was, the pair would not be charged.

RI Fowler asked Mr. F. X. D'Almada to caution both defendants and impose small fines.

Unemployed Sentenced

Charged with larceny from the person, Tam See-mui, unemployed, was sentenced to two years imprisonment with hard labour by Mr. Hin-shing Lo at Central yesterday.

It was stated that defendant on Sunday afternoon snatched \$512 from Fung So-nui of 192 Gloucester Road while she was changing some money at a money changer's shop at Hennessy Road.

Defendant was charged to Marsh Street near Lockhart Road, where he was arrested.

Asked what he did with the money, defendant told the court that he deposited it in an old car parked near the scene of the snatching and that later, when he brought the police to the car, the money had gone.

Defendant was also recommended for banishment after his term is served.

SHOE-SHINE BOY REMANDED

A shoe-shine boy was charged before Mr. F. X. D'Almada at Kowloon yesterday with uttering a letter demanding money with menaces.

Wong Hung, aged 17, was further charged with possessing a letter demanding money with menaces.

He was alleged to have demanded \$3,000 from the proprietor of the Hop Fat Store, in Shanghai Street, on September 27.

On the second charge he was alleged to have possessed a letter demanding \$3,000 from the same proprietor with menaces.

Wong was remanded three days in police custody.

The Hong Kong Rotary Club, with the support of the Kowloon Club, will hold an official dinner in honour of Rotary International President and Mrs. Perce Hodgson on Friday at the Hong Kong Hotel.



Government-sponsored Baby Week started yesterday at the Harcourt Health Centre, Happy Valley, where nurse, Miss G. K. Burns, Supervisor and Training Officer, explained to mothers how to care for their babies. The exhibition at Harcourt Health Centre will last for a week, after which it will be transferred to Salingpun Health Centre and a week later over to the mainland. ("China Mail" Photo).

Order Nisi Issued Against "China Mail"

An order nisi was issued yesterday by the Full Court against the "China Mail". W.H. Noloth and J. I. MacKenzie, to show cause why writs of attachment should not be issued against them for contempt of court.

This was in relation to the September 30 issue of the newspaper, in which were published a leading article and two letters from readers, one headed "Local Justice" and the other "Heads I Win-Tails You Lose".

These were alleged to be items tending to bring the administration of justice, and are genuinely exercising a right of criticism, and not acting in malice or attempting to impair the administration of justice, they are immune. Justice is not a cloistered virtue; she must be allowed to suffer, even though outspoken, comments of ordinary men.

The Full Court was composed of the Chief Justice, Sir Leslie Gibson, and the senior Puisne Judge, Mr. Justice Williams.

The Hon. J.B. Griffin, KC, Attorney General, in company with Mr. A. Hooton, Crown Counsel, forwarded the application.

Mr. Griffin drew the Court's attention to the items in question, and said that the Court would observe that they contained criticism both in particular and in general of justice in this Colony, both as regards the superior and inferior Courts.

The Attorney General stated that he wished to make it abundantly clear in making the application, that it is not part of his case that there may be no criticism of decisions or actions of the judges or magistrates of this Colony. It was his contention that the right to criticize and comment which has been given and recognized by the law, had in the application he referred to been most seriously exceeded.

Freedom To Comment

The law and the principles of law governing the matter of freedom to comment upon the judges or magistrates of this Colony in its various facets has been frequently enumerated, he continued.

Mr. Griffin then mentioned a decision of the Judicial Committee of the Privy Council in Ambar and the Attorney General for Trinidad, which was reported in Appeal Cases 1936.

He quoted a passage of Lord Atkin on the matter, which follows: "But whether the authority and position of an individual judge, or the due administration of justice, is concerned, no wrong is committed by any member of the public who exercises the ordinary right of criticizing in good faith, in private or public, the public act done in the seat of justice. The path of criticism is a public way; the wrong-headed are permitted to err therein: provided that members of the public abstain from imputing improper motives to those taking part in the administration of justice, and are genuinely exercising a right of criticism, and not acting in malice or attempting to impair the administration of justice, they are immune. Justice is not a cloistered virtue; she must be allowed to suffer, even though outspoken, comments of ordinary men."

Turning to excerpts from the letter of one correspondent, "Simple Simon", and of the leading article in the paper, Mr. Griffin stated that the passages contained a clear imputation against the Courts of this Colony that in reaching or in reaching decisions whether to convict or to acquit, or in reaching decisions to assess sentence where there was conviction, the Courts are and all were actuated by the most improper motive.

"Improper motive, as inferred from the correspondence, was that there was a motive of racial bias accentuating the workings of administration of justice in this Colony," he added.

Mr. Griffin went on to say that the gravity of such imputation hardly needed to be stressed. It was his submission that the gravity of such imputation was only equalled by the high degree of falsity which attaches to such imputation.

After the Attorney General had made a formal application for the order nisi to be issued in terms of the motion, the Chief Justice granted the application and fixed the date of hearing of the respondents at 10 a.m. on Friday.

SUMMONS IS WITHDRAWN

The summons against Hui Hin-an of 330 Lockhart Road, third floor, was withdrawn by the prosecution before Mr. O.D. Scholes at Central yesterday.

Hui was summoned for failing to comply with a notice served on her by the Urban Council requiring her to abate a nuisance.

Hui was represented by Mr. M.A. da Silva.

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Here is a rapid and unusual way of bringing that remarkable pain-killer ASPIRIN to the very spot that hurts. Whether it is bruise, sprain, strain, swelling or inflammation, Radian B, the ASPIRIN spirit liniment, will bring ease and comfort to the affected area. This unique remedy combines ASPIRIN with other active principles and aromatic essences. Sprinkled on the affected part and gently massaged, it is speedily absorbed through the skin, and penetrates deep down to the affected tissues and nerves. The benefit is felt immediately, inflammation is relieved, and swellings swiftly reduced.

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Repeal Of Old Naturalisation Ordinance

An Ordinance to repeal the Naturalisation Ordinance of 1902 will be read for the first time at tomorrow's Legislative Council meeting.

An official note states that the enabled the Governor to grant a certificate of naturalisation as a British subject in Hong Kong to an alien who had continuously resided in Hong Kong or been in the service of the Crown for a period of five years preceding the application. At the time the Ordinance was enacted the only alternative was a grant of naturalisation by Ordinance in each case.

A certificate granted under the Ordinance only conferred the rights of a British subject while in Hong Kong and in consequence of this disability the Ordinance has very seldom been invoked.

The British Nationality Act, 1948, became law on January 1, 1949, and applies a uniform scheme for obtaining naturalisation in Colonies, protectorates and territories. Under subsection (6) of section 32 of the British Nationality Act, 1948, a person who has been granted naturalisation under the Ordinance is deemed to have become immediately before the commencement of the Act a British subject and a person naturalised in the United Kingdom and Colonies.

The Ordinance has outlived its utility and should be repealed to conform with such uniform scheme.

Gramophone Recital

A gramophone recital under the auspices of the Sino-British Club will be held at Queen's College Hall, Kennedy Road, at 8.30 p.m. today.

Mr. D. Keith Hardy, of Radio Hong Kong, will present a programme on records entitled "An Introduction to Modern Music."

The programme will include Scapino—a Comedy Overture (William Walton), Burleske for Piano and Orchestra (Richard Strauss), Suite—"Hary Janos" (Zoltan Kodaly), Incidental Music to the Film "The Overlanders" (John Ireland), Folk Songs (Benjamin Britten), "The Foggy Dew" (Sufolk), "The Ploughboy", "Come You not from Newcastle", and Concerto for Violin and Orchestra—(Bela Bartok).

After the Attorney General had made a formal application for the order nisi to be issued in terms of the motion, the Chief Justice granted the application and fixed the date of hearing of the respondents at 10 a.m. on Friday.

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Classified Advertisements accepted up to 5 p.m. for publication in the following day's paper.

Replies for the Following Box Nos. are awaiting collection.

Replies will be forwarded to the Advertiser if requested on the original form which should bear their names and addresses.

A suitable announcement will be inserted Free of Charge if Advertiser's requirements are satisfactorily answered.

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CARPETS & RUGS—Genuine Peking and Tientsin, lovely designs and colourings, various sizes. Come and inspect at The China Rug Co., Kowloon Building, 4th Floor (Opposite Hong Kong Hotel) Queen's Road, Central.

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DANCING LESSONS

BALLROOM DANCING—"Made Easy" Advanced Variations taught "Specialities" Rumba, Samba, Tango, Interbug (Jive). Enquiries (1-3 P.M.)—Tony Hudson, 512, China Building.

FOR SALE

BINOCULARS—"ZEISS". Half-sized, "featherweight" Horse-racing. Power equal bigger ones. Large eyepiece enables "quick-scan" "nitework" \$125—Excellent condition. G.P.O. Box 415.

SHORTWAVE enthusiasts receive worldwide stations to their hearts' content with the amazing Pilot model-B5647! Bands spreading important wavebands: 6 valves including R.F. stage. Handsome walnut cabinet, gold metal grille, large coloured dial. Demonstration without obligation! Colonial Agencies, Szabol Bldg., 14 Queen's Road, Phone 26310.

HONG KONG FILM AND THEATRE NEWS at 50 cents per copy. Obtainable at Leading Book Stores, Newspaper Sellers and "China Mail" Office.

SCRIBBLING PADS—100 pages at 50 cents each. On sale at "China Mail" Office, Windsor House, Tel. 22312.

CHINA MAIL PICTORIAL at \$2.00 per copy. Obtainable at all Leading Book Stores and "China Mail" Office.

CHINA MAIL POSTCARD—\$1.50 for 6 or 30 cents each. Obtainable at all leading Book Stores and "China Mail" Office.

EUROPEAN YOUNG MEN'S CHRISTIAN ASSOCIATION

ANNUAL GENERAL MEETING

NOTICE IS HEREBY given that the Annual General Meeting of the European Y.M.C.A. at which the Report of the Board and the Statement of Accounts for 1948/1949 will be presented, will be held in the West Lounge at 6.30 p.m. on Monday, the 17th October, 1949.

Tea will be served in the West Lounge from 5.30 p.m. onwards.

By Order of the Board of Directors,

A. W. INGRAM,
General Secretary.

Y.M.C.A., Salisbury Road, Kowloon, Hong Kong, October 1, 1949.

DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE & INDUSTRY

NOTICE

This Department will be closed on Thursday, the 8th of October, and Monday, the 10th of October, 1949, for all purposes except for entry and clearance of ships' manifests between 9 a.m. and 10 a.m.

K. KEEN,
Director,
Commerce & Industry.

Dated: September 28, 1949.

MARINE DEPARTMENT

NOTICE

Thursday and Monday, October 6th & 10th, 1949, respectively having been declared general holidays, this Department will be closed on those days except as under:

Port Control Office,
Marine Licensing Office,
Entry & Clearance Office,

which will be open from 9 a.m. to 11 a.m. only.

N. GARLAND,
Acting Director of Marine.

Marine Office,
Hong Kong, October 3, 1949.

NOTICE

We hereby authorize Mr. Kenneth Albert Watson to sign our firm as from the 1st October, 1949.

LAMMERT BROS.

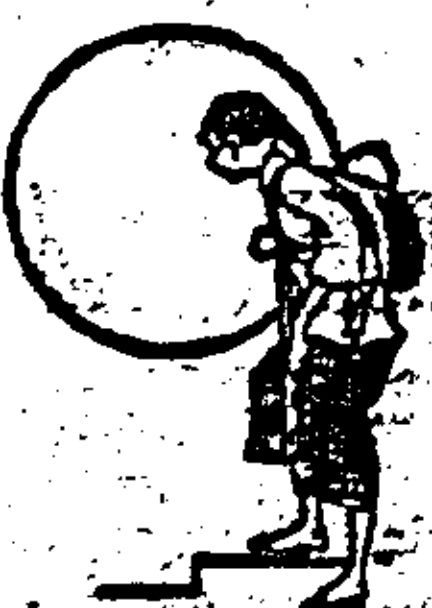
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THE HONGKONG SOCIETY FOR THE PROTECTION OF CHILDREN



Mr. I. B. Trevor,
Chairman,
Kowloon-Canton Railway,
Kowloon.
Mr. L. Fong Wo,
Hon. Treasurer,
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THE HONG KONG JOCKEY CLUB

NOTICE TO MEMBERS

The Trial Race Meeting (postponed from 21st September) will be held on Tuesday, 18th October, 1949. The First Sadding Bell will be rung at 4.45 p.m. and the First Race will be run at 5.15 p.m. The Second at 5.45 p.m., the Third at 6.15 p.m. and the Fourth at 6.45 p.m.

Owners are informed that all Entries made for the original Meeting stand as well as the published handicap weights, but a Pony winning a race at the Double Tenth Race Meeting will carry 7 lb. penalty in addition to the weight allotted. The Stewards have ruled that no "Jockey Allowance" will be given in races for the Trial Meeting and attention is directed, therefore, to the alteration in the conditions of all the four events, in that the words "Jockey Allowance" are deleted. Fresh declarations must be made and placed in the declaration boxes at the Race Course in the usual manner and attention is drawn to the change in time of 15 minutes from those published in the Race Book.

Badges of admission, to the Grand Stand, and Duty and Servants' Passes, which have been issued for the postponed Meeting will hold good for this Meeting.

To enable a satisfactory trial of the Totalisator to be made, Members are requested to make use of the machines in the Public Enclosure as well as those in the Members Enclosure, in placing their bets.

By Order,
D. L. PROPHET,
Actg. Secretary.

THE HONG KONG JOCKEY CLUB

NOTICE

The Totalisator will not be in operation at the Double Tenth Race Meeting on Saturday 8th and Monday 10th October, 1949.

With regard to the payment of dividends, the system applied at the last race meeting has been modified. There will be separate Paying-Out Booths where tickets can be cashed on the winning pony and on each of the placed ponies.

Tickets of any denomination can be cashed at the respective Pay-Out Booths which are clearly indicated in the Betting Halls.

After the paying out on a race has closed at the normal Paying-Out Booths, tickets must be cashed at the special Late Pay-Out Booths, where tickets, Win or Place of any denomination, will be paid out.

By Order,
D. L. PROPHET,
Actg. Secretary.

THE HONG KONG JOCKEY CLUB

SPECIAL CASH SWEEP-ON THE KWANGTUNG HANDICAP 1949

The Sale of Cash Sweep Tickets on the above will CLOSE at THE BRANCH OFFICE, Kowloon, at NOON on Friday, 7th October, 1949. THE TREASURERS' OFFICE, Telephone House at 5 p.m. on Friday, 7th October, 1949.

The DRAW will be held at the Public Post-Matutal Hall, the Race Course, at 11.00 a.m. on Saturday, 8th October, 1949.

By Order,
D. L. PROPHET,
Acting Secretary.

POSTPONEMENT NOTICE

Owing to uncertain weather conditions the Moonlight Revue Party, at Eucliff, has been postponed to Wednesday, October 12th. Tickets sold for October 5th will be valid for October 12th.

BANK HOLIDAY

The Exchange Banks will be closed for the transaction of bank business on Thursday, 6th October, 1949 (Chinese Mid-Autumn Festival Day).

Hong Kong, October 4, 1949.

Sappers Charged With Larceny

Two NCO's of the Royal Engineers—a Sergeant and an SQMS—appeared in court at Kowloon yesterday charged with simple larceny. The men, Sergeant Reginald Orton, aged 30, SQMS Joseph Day, both of Shamshui-po Barracks, were represented by Mr. Percy Chen.

Tam Shing, aged 41, yard foreman at Shamshui-po Barracks, appeared with the two NCO's on a charge of simple larceny. He was represented by Mr. Charles Loseby, KC.

Also appearing in court was a 15-year-old boy and a 34-year-old Chinese, Wong Lai-kiu, charged with receiving stolen property. The two were represented by Mr. A.S.C. Comer.

The prosecution alleged that the latter pair on August 29 received a quantity of corrugated iron sheets on board cargo junk No. 3997 at West Point.

Prosecuting Detective Sub-Inspector Summers told the court that on August 29, the police, acting on information, boarded a junk at West Point on the junk a quantity of corrugated iron sheets were found and first and second defendants were arrested. Investigating the case, the police

Captain's Evidence

Captain Harry Olde, Cante Royal Engineers, in charge of the engineering store at Shamshui-po Barracks, told the court that Sergeant Orton and another soldier called Reddington were in charge of the stores in which the iron sheets were stored.

Joseph Day and the last defendant were overheard dealing with coolies in the Barracks. In his evidence, the Captain further explained that the sheets were recovered by the police and were later re-stored in Shamshui-po Barracks. He denied that there were any particular marks on the sheets. He said he had no notes in his book saying that on August 29, he had issued 1,255 sheets of iron (the number of sheets alleged to have been stolen).

Hearing was adjourned to 9.30 this morning.

Hotel Coolie Fined \$400

An hotel coolie was yesterday given the option of a fine of \$400 or three months hard labour for stealing \$300 from Miss Vivian Lee at the Metropole Hotel, on September 30.

Inspector H. B. Dewar told Mr. A. D. Scholes at Central that defendant, Lee Wah, aged 21, was employed as a coolie working in the Metropole Hotel. Miss Lee had a suitcase and in it was \$250 and other articles. Defendant was told by Miss Lee to put the suitcase into the storeroom.

On October 1 Miss Lee went to the storeroom and saw defendant sweeping the floor. She opened the suitcase and found \$200 missing.

She reported the matter to the manager of the hotel and to the police. Defendant later admitted stealing the money and took the police to 478 Hennessy Road, third floor, where \$140 was found. The money was ordered to be handed back to complainant.

EXHIBITION OF OIL PAINTINGS

by

K. K. LIM

Exhibitor at the Royal Academy
Doncaster Municipal Gallery,
Etc.

To be held at the

HOTEL CECIL

Today from 10 a.m.—7 p.m.

THE HONG KONG JOCKEY CLUB

NOTICE TO MEMBERS

Double Tenth Race Meeting
Saturday 8th & Monday 10th October, 1949

On the First Day, Saturday, 8th October, the First Bell will be rung at 1.30 p.m. and the First Race will be run at 2.00 p.m. on the Second Day, Monday, 10th October, the First Bell will be rung at 11.30 a.m. and the First Race will be run at 12 noon. The Time Interval will be after the Fourth Race (1.30 p.m.).

Through numbers (22 Races—\$44.00) may be obtained at the office of the Treasurer, Telephone House, also tickets for the Special Cash Sweep on the "Kwangtung Handicap" to be run on 8th October, 1949. Tickets in the special Cash Sweep on the "Kwangtung Handicap" may be purchased also at the Club's Branch Office, No. 382, Nathan Road, Kowloon.

MEMBERS' BADGES AND ENCLOSURE

Members and guests are reminded that they and their ladies MUST wear their badges prominently displayed throughout the Meeting.

NO ONE WITHOUT A BADGE WILL BE ADMITTED TO THE MEMBERS' ENCLOSURE

Badges admitting non-members to the Members' Enclosure and Club Rooms at \$10 each day including tax are obtainable through the Secretary on the written or personal introduction of a member, such member to be responsible for all chits, etc.

Badges admitting to Members' Enclosure will NOT be on sale at the RACE COURSE

The Treasury, Comptrollers Office will close at 10 a.m. the First Day and at 9.30 a.m. on the Second Day. The Secretary's Office will close at 11.45 a.m. The First Day and at 10 a.m. on the Second Day. Both Offices at 1st Floor, Telephone House.

A limited number of items will be obtainable at the Club House, provided they are ordered in advance from the No. 1 Boy (Tel. 27814).

NO CHILDREN WILL BE ADMITTED TO THE CLUB'S PREMISES DURING THE MEETING.

PUBLIC ENCLOSURE

The price of admission to the Public Enclosure is \$5 each day including tax for all persons including ladies, and payable at the Gate.

BOOKMAKERS, TIC TAC MAN ETC. WILL NOT BE PERMITTED TO OPERATE WITHIN THE PREMISES OF THE HONG KONG JOCKEY CLUB DURING THE RACE MEETING. MEALS AND REFRESHMENTS WILL BE OBTAINABLE IN THE RESTAURANT IN THE PUBLIC ENCLOSURE.

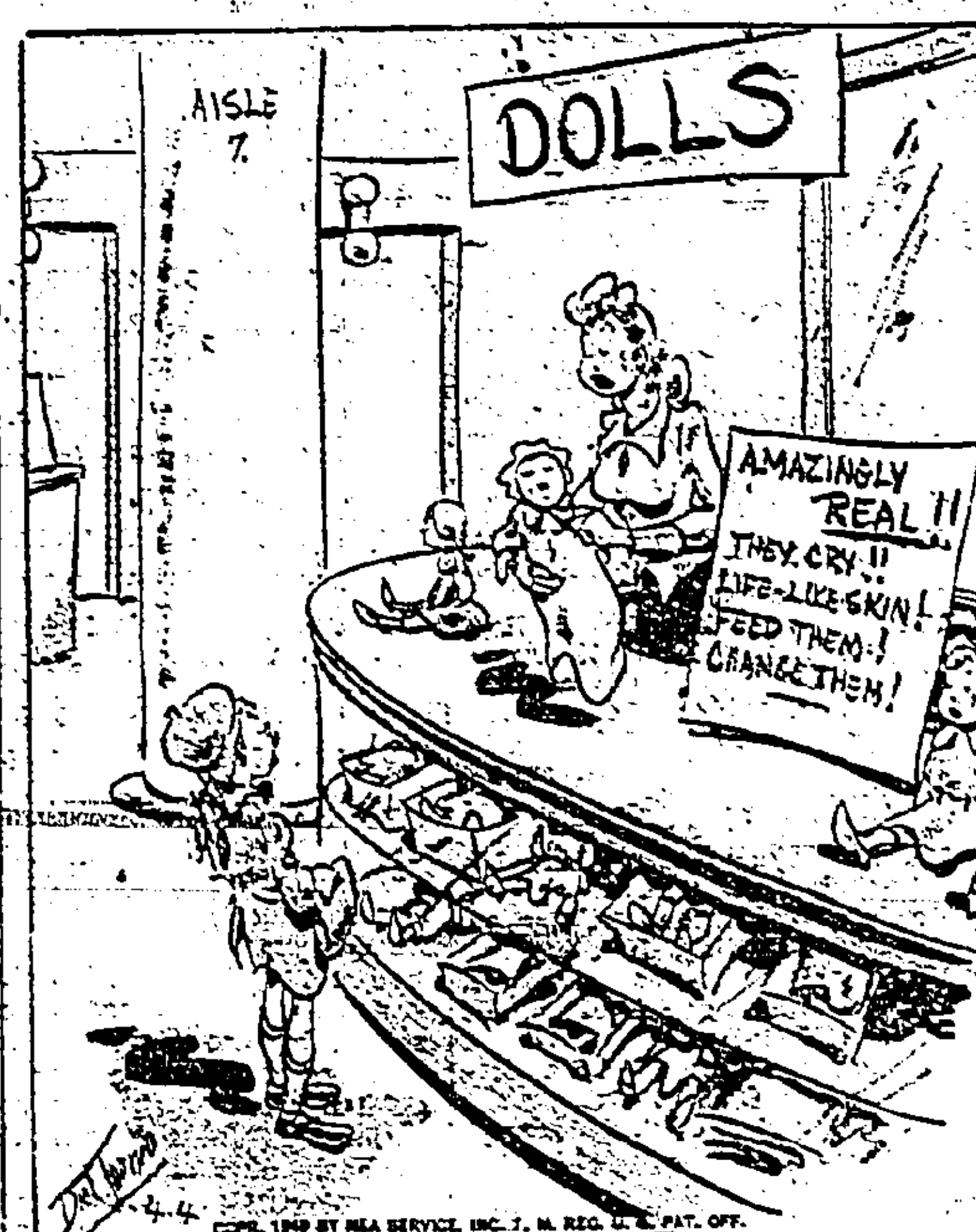
SERVANTS' PASSES

Servants' passes will be issued to private box holders only who are requested to distribute them with identification and to keep them in the members' Enclosure, except for passing through on their duties and must remain in their employers' hands.

BY ORDER,
D. L. PROPHET,
Actg. Secretary.

CARNIVAL

By Dick Turner



"Have you got any with appendectomy scars?"

BARCLAY ON BRIDGE

By Shepard Barclay

The Authority on Authority

DON'T DEFY SIGNALS

ONE great advantage of the declarer is the certainty that he will not go wrong for lack of knowing what cards are opposite his own hand. The defenders, in contrast, can only estimate what are the total assets of their side. They have to depend on inference and deduction—except where one partner gives information to the other by means of his signals. It seldom pays a defender to defy the wishes expressed through the leads and plays made according to the accepted conventions by his associate.

S J 10 8 4 2
H J 7 3
D Q 5
C A 8 3

S K 9
H A K 6 5 2
D 8 6
C K 6 5 2

S Q 6
H Q 10
D A K 10 9 3 2
C 10 9 7

(Dealer: North. Neither side vulnerable.)

North East South West
Pass Pass 1 D 2 H
Pass 1 S 2 D 2 H
Pass Pass 3 D Db1

That was rather funny bidding, with North never showing his spades at all, especially when he could have done so cheaply on his chance to overcall 1-heart. But the defence was funnier still—unless you want to call it tragic.

When West led his heart K, he paid no attention to his partner's 4, lowest he could possibly have with the two lower cards in sight to West. So the second lead was the heart A, which brought the 6 from East. Then, and only then

did West shift to the K of his partner's spade bid. Again East played his lowest possible, the 3, but again West paid no attention, leading his 9 to the A. Thinking West might have a trump which would be established if South were compelled to ruff, East returned his spade 5. Thus favoured, South ruffed with the diamond A, led to the diamond Q, finessed the diamond 10, fell of the J with the K, led to the club A and used established spades for two club discards to make his contract and a very cheap game.

If West, on seeing the heart 4, had properly shifted to his spade K, then on seeing the spade 3 had switched to the only other remaining suit, clubs, there would have been no way in the world for South to keep the defenders from adding two tricks in clubs, one more in hearts and one more in spades to beat the contract two tricks.

Tomorrow's Problem
S J
H A K 8 6
D 10 8 2
C Q 3 9 3

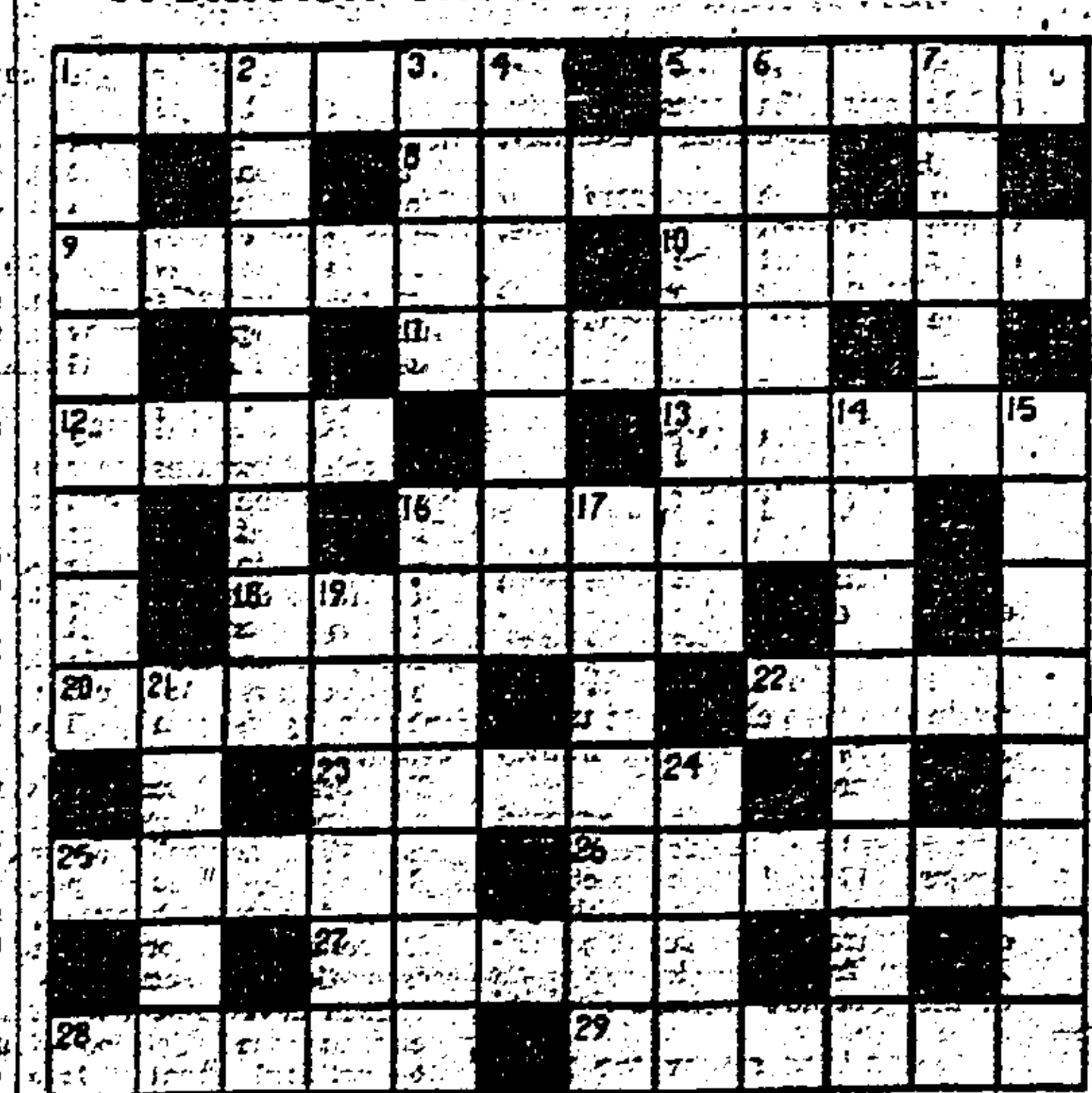
S A 10 5 2
H Q 10 7
D A 9 7 3
C K 4

S Q 9 8 7 3
H J
D K Q 5
C A 8 5 2

(Dealer: North. East-West vulnerable.)

If North bids hearts and diamonds, South spades and clubs, how should West then read East's spade 4 lead against North's No Trump game?

A-BRITISH CROSSWORD PUZZLE



Across

1 Term point
5 Indefinite 20 Observes
8 Striking 22 Pace
9 Ship 23 Horrific
10 Speak 25 Form
11 hoarsely 26 Small
12 Proportion tower
13 Frolic 27 Of greater
14 Lubricated 28 Sub
16 Appoint substitute
18 Turning 29 Felt

Down

1 Sports 14 Improves
building 15 Argued
2 Limit 16 Drives away
3 Past 17 Fresh jokers
4 Expands 19 Harvester
5 Cruel 21 Pigment
6 Skilful 24 Entice
7 Custom

Yesterday's Crossword

ACROSS: 3. Chum, 7. Cream, 8. Ebon, 9. Edge, 10. Episode, 12. Tall, 15. Arise, 18. Flak, 19. Remit, 21. Hoist, 22. Bore, 23. Evade, 25. Petty, 27. Real, 28. Yarn.

DOWN: 1. Tripe, 2. Vassals, 3. Meet, 4. Toll, 5. Edil, 11. Oracle, 12. Acme, 14. Lath, 16. Eyode, 17. Chap, 18. File, 20. Erected, 22. Bale, 24. Verge, 25. 27. Real, 28. Yarn.

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and **JULIE LONDON**
and **WARD BOND**
and **RICHARD LONG**
and **WHITFIELD CONNOR**

Directed by **GEORGE MARSHALL**

Screenplay by **John Lasker**, **Richard Lasker**, **George Lasker**
Produced by **Walter Packer**, **John Lasker**, **George Lasker**
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OPENS
TOMORROW!

JOHN PAYNE IN
"EL PASO"
COLOR BY TECHNICOLOR

YUGOSLAVIA ALERT BUT NOT WORRIED

Belgrade, October 2

Alert and ready for trouble if it comes, Yugoslavia stayed calm today even after being told frankly about Russia's "pressure" campaign to force the country back into Kremlin control.

The tension of the man in the street increased as the Balkan cold war of words between the Soviet-dominated Cominform and independent Yugoslavia reached the toughest talking stage since other Communist countries black-listed the Government of Marshal Tito 17 months ago.

AMERICAN CHAMBER'S REPORT

Washington, October 2

The United States Chamber of Commerce has recommended that treaties assuring fair treatment of American capital be a prerequisite for technical or other aid to foreign countries.

The recommendations were made in a report drawn up by the Chamber of Commerce on the programme for economic assistance to under-developed areas.

The report made these recommendations.

1.—The programme should be on a realistic and carefully circumscribed basis, to avoid any charge of either paternalism or imperialism, and with domestic budgetary considerations a guiding factor of paramount importance.

2.—American private enterprise should form the cornerstone of the programme.

3.—The Government should appoint an Advisory Board to deal with all aspects of technical and financial aid, made up of citizens of competence and experience in foreign trade, investment, and other domestic and foreign fields of private enterprise.

4.—The Government's function should be "supervision and integration of activities by its own agencies; a cautious expansion (of aid) by Government experts in fields such as public health, sanitation, education, food supply, natural resources, and public finance and administration, and the encouragement of a flow of private capital."

5.—Aid projects should be confined to "countries where there is a genuine desire and ability to co-operate and where there is no question as to conditions favourable for economic development."

6.—Treaties should be made providing "assurance of fair treatment for American private capital."—Reuter.

But, outwardly at least, there are no apprehensions that a shooting war will come soon to end the uneasy peace in this explosive part of Europe's fretful continent and perhaps touch off a third world war.

This estimate of the situation is not based alone on coffee house gossip and tram and bus chatter. In the course of a 1,250 mile tour through Yugoslavia, I have found scant signs of alarm, no elaborate precautions against possibility of invasion, writes a correspondent.

In the rumour-ridden port of Trieste there was much more talk of war than there was along the way across the broad plains of Serbia and through the steep hills of Northern Yugoslavia.

Along the battered dirt roads peasants led lolling oxen pulling carts laden with sacks of livestock—the country's national drink and farm products to the market. Others trudged past with timber for export.

There were no troop movements to interfere with their movement to market and factory even in such towns as Naschice and Osijek, both within 20 miles of the Hungarian border.

Strategic Point

Osijek is on the River Drava, strategic point in any Yugoslav defence against attack from Hungary, which has been one of Marshal Tito's chief attack-ers, and it would seem likely that major precautions would be taken there if war were anticipated.

Perhaps troops have been pulled out of some of the strategic areas for the big scale army manoeuvres just ended South of Belgrade.

Such army manoeuvres are customary in all Balkan countries at this time of the year. But it would seem extremely unlikely that Marshal Tito would risk withdrawing strategic forces for manoeuvres from exposed parts of his country if he anticipated attack.

Marshal Tito also reviewed his troops along with senior Army commanders. Rumbling tanks bore cravens' slogans of the Army's readiness to fight in defence of the country. Fighters and bombers dived in formation overhead.

capillaries and are dissolved by the blood stream.

This digging ability may be the main cause of malignancy, Dr. Warren told a divisional meeting of the American Cancer Society.—Associated Press.

NEW CLUE TO CANCER CAUSE

San Francisco, October 2

Electron microscope pictures have provided a new clue to the cause of cancer, Dr. Stafford Warren, head of the Medical School of the University of California at Los Angeles, said this week-end.

The instrument magnifies hundreds of times more than ordinary microscopes.

Dr. Warren, former Chief of Radiological Safety for atom bomb projects, said the pictures show for the first time that certain cancer cells have embryonic arms which apparently enable them to dig through the walls of blood vessels. Normal tissue cells cannot do that since they are too big to pass through the

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A CHINESE PICTURE IN MANDARIN DIALOGUE

Tito Refused Naval Bases To Russia

Stockholm, October 2

Marshal Tito's refusal to grant Soviet Russia naval bases along Yugoslavia's coast is the first cause of his split with the Kremlin, according to a special correspondent of the Conservative "Svenska Dagbladet."

The correspondent, who has just interviewed Marshal Tito, wrote: "Marshal Tito, who came to Belgrade and said in a conversation with Tito that Stalin wished to turn the deep inlets in Dalmatia into common naval bases for Russia, Rumania and Yugoslavia. Tito replied evasively, but a few days later the first meeting took place between the Communist dictator and America's representatives."—Reuter.

Dangerous U.S. Trend Halted

Washington, October 2

Democratic Representative Melvin Price today said Russia's possession of an atomic weapon had halted a dangerous trend in this country toward isolationism and might help to prevent another war.

Mr. Price made a joint radio appearance at Chicago with Dr. Kenneth Pitzer, research chief for the Atomic Energy Commission. Dr. Pitzer said the United States must not become complacent because of its four-year atomic lead over Russia. He added that there were still "extensive discoveries" to be made in the atomic field.

Mr. Price, a member of the Joint Congressional Atomic Energy Committee, said: "It is not only a major power would go into an atom bomb war lightly."

Meanwhile, the Atomic Energy Committee was thrown into a furor by the chairman, Senator Brian McMahon, who suggested that it should be told how many atomic bombs had been stockpiled.

Only the President, his military chiefs and the Atomic Energy Commission are kept informed of progress on the atom bomb programme.—United Press.

HAILE SELASSIE'S GRANDSON

Valeta, October 2

Two-year-old Prince Paul Haile Selassie, grandson of the Emperor of Ethiopia, arrived in Malta today by special plane from Addis Ababa today with his nurse.

He was staying overnight, to continue the flight to London early tomorrow.—Reuter.

Canberra, October 2

The External Affairs Minister, Dr. Herbert Evatt, announced tonight that Australia had agreed in principle to an exchange of diplomatic representatives with the Egyptian and Israeli governments.—Associated Press.

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NEW CHINESE GOVERNMENT

The question of what constitutes the legal government of China today allows of two different answers, depending on your standpoint. There are now two bodies in existence, both with big power backing. Most countries still recognise the Nationalists, but Russia has formally accepted the People's Republic proclaimed by the Chinese Communists.

The USSR has had to withdraw its envoy from Canton, stating that the government there is now merely provincial and no longer in control of the country.

It was obvious that this was a prearranged move. Chou En-lai, foreign minister in Peking, would not have invited foreign powers to establish diplomatic relations with the new regime unless Moscow had promised recognition. Otherwise the loss of face would have been too great. This cuts both ways: nations which rebuff this offer are likely to be held in future as prime enemies of "the glorious new people's state," and Britain in particular will have to decide between thorny alternatives by this forcing of her hand.

Informed opinion has been that the U.K. plans to give de jure recognition to the Chinese Communists as soon as Canton falls, thus giving Mao Tse-tung control of most of the large cities and all of the coast, if not large stretches of the interior. The Nationalists would then be in virtual exile in Chungking or Taiwan, and almost their only remaining weapon would be the blockade of the ports. This might then be generally declared illegal, and liable to be broken by any maritime country.

America's attitude has not as yet been ascertained. Her hatred of Communism is well known, and her support of even the decadent Nationalists as a bulwark against the Reds has not endeared the U.S. to Peking. She has sponsored the cause of the KMT in the United Nations, and the Chinese government's complaint against Moscow is now tabled on the agenda. Only yesterday we quoted an unofficial Canton statement that more American aid to continue the fight was expected.

Washington would certainly recognise the Communist Government if it were in control of the whole country; in our opinion she is unlikely to do so until Canton has been captured. There may be a basic conflict of ideas over this matter between the U.S. and Britain, which one can most fervently hope will be diplomatically smoothed over.

Two separate Chinese delegations can now claim great power backing for a permanent seat on the Security Council—an impossible situation—and until a decision can be reached, the work of the Council will be seriously affected. The problem must be faced soon, and it must be solved without further intensification of the cold war.

UK PHONE TO PHILIPPINES

London, October 2. The telephone service between the United Kingdom and the Philippines will be re-opened next Tuesday for the first time since the war.

The charge for a three-minute call will be £2.15.0 for weekdays, and £3 for Sundays. United Press.

EX-MATHS MASTER IS RULER OVER MILLIONS

Dumdee-born and a former maths master at Eton, Sir Francis Mudie, Governor of the Pakistan Province of West Punjab, is one of the most admired and at the same time one of the most disliked men in the whole Indian sub-continent.

For the past two years he has been known as the "Punjab Dictator." In 1947 Mr. Jinnah, the founder and first Governor-General of Pakistan, despairing of the internal squabbling, the corruption and the chaotic state in which the province had got within a few months of Pakistan gaining her independence, called in Sir Francis, who was then Governor of Sind Province, and gave him a free hand to get things straightened out.

Sir Francis shifted his headquarters 1,599 miles to Lahore and took his mathematical mind and his extensive knowledge of India to work to solve one of the hardest problems any one man has had to solve.

His Inheritance

The province was in complete chaos. The bickering between two leading members of the Muslim League, the Khan of Mamdot and Mumtaz Daultana, over who was going to run the province, left the administration to run itself. It just didn't run, and every petty official took the opportunity to line his own pocket and brought in all his relatives to do the same while the going was good.

On top of this, about 2,000,000 Muslim refugees from the East Punjab had flooded into the province demanding to be looked after, found homes, given medical treatment and jobs. When the refugees found they weren't being treated like heroes large numbers turned to crime to earn their living.

Too many drill-halls are chasing too few Territorials, according to wags in Britain's War Office. Even in the chaste and carpeted atmosphere of "Brass-Hats' Valhalla" (in neighbouring Whitehall Court), it is admitted that the Territorial Army Recruitment Campaign has not been so successful as had been hoped. Neither wags nor bigwigs have a nostrum for Britain's national apathy towards all battles but the last. They are not unduly alarmed. While both deplore the tolerance of empty drill-halls and crowded dance-halls, they regard it as an inevitable psychological sequel to war.

Failure to reach the recruiting target is only one facet of a complex series of problems harassing the Defence authorities. Post-war defence planning rests on new and unexampled factors affecting both Territorial and Regular units. The recruitment target for volunteers was set at 150,000—about 25 per cent of the total Territorial establishment planned. There are today about 77,000 volunteers attending the country's drill-halls. Defence plans pivot upon a ratio of one in four being a volunteer, and the flood of National Service men facing obligatory Territorial service will begin next summer to upset both ratio and plans unless voluntary enlistment increases.

The gap is serious because the

All this Sir Francis inherited. In just under two years he has straightened matters out to such good effect that the Pakistan Government at Karachi say they are quite happy with the result and

By ALWYN TEBBITT

are going to make no effort to change Sir Francis's totalitarian powers for at least another 18 months.

Sir Francis rules under Section 32a of the Pakistan Constitution, known as "Governor's Rule." He issues an "ordinance" and it immediately becomes law.

He constitutes a one-man Parliament, he suggests a new law, anything from life imprisonment for carrying arms to stating how much the petrol ration will be, approves it himself, signs it and that's the end of it.

Doesn't Worry

Although the Pakistan Government is satisfied, and most of the 15,000,000 population are happy, there is considerable discontent among some aspiring politicians. They had hoped to land themselves comfortable jobs with profitable pickings for themselves. There are loud cries from prospective Ministers and their families—of "We got rid of the British on August 14, 1947, and yet the British are still here—and in a stronger position than they have even been before."

But Sir Francis is not particularly worried. He has been hated by the Indians for years. He is pro-British, a self-admitted Imperialist and absolutely incorruptible. Sir Francis is 58 on August 24 and came to India in 1914, just before the First World War. He

joined up almost immediately and when he came back in 1919 he was made a magistrate. It was the year he spent at this job which gave him his knowledge of Indians which the agitators dislike so much.

While he was Acting-Governor of Bihar in 1942, unknown to the rest of the world, India tried to sabotage the whole of our war effort in the East in their desire to get the British out of the country. Britain then acted more quickly than she has ever acted before. Within 24 hours of the knowledge of the impending uprising, which would have let the Japanese flood into the country, every Indian leader in the country, including Pandit Nehru, was slapped into jail.

Will He Retire?

Sir Francis, in Bihar, had a brilliant career. He was one of the main centres of intrigue and was one of the headquarters of the Indian National Army.

He like all the other provincial governors, had orders for the general round-up and, although he did not know exactly whom he had to pick up within the time limit the job was done and the whole "1942 movement" fizzled out—much to the chagrin of the agitators, who although India has now got her freedom have never forgiven the British for their high-speed action.

The Pakistan Government is planning to have proper elections with "votes at 21" in the West Punjab in about 18 months' time.

Sir Francis is then likely to retire, although it is known that the Pakistan Government would like to keep him on—as an insurance policy. But whether he goes or stays it is certain the both India and Pakistan will remember his name for a long time to come.

Territorial Army's Need Of Volunteers

By S. OLIVER JONES

war defence planning rests on new and unexampled factors affecting both Territorial and Regular units.

The recruitment target for volunteers was set at 150,000—about 25 per cent of the total Territorial establishment planned. There are today about 77,000 volunteers attending the country's drill-halls. Defence plans pivot upon a ratio of one in four being a volunteer, and the flood of National Service men facing obligatory Territorial service will begin next summer to upset both ratio and plans unless voluntary enlistment increases.

The gap is serious because the

Territorials' function in a future war will be even more vital than in previous conflicts. Training, equipment and employment are almost precisely similar today for both the Regular and the Territorial Armies.

Today's Territorials are men familiar with the technique of parachute or assault craft, radar apparatus or battle school, equipped by real-life weapons firing real-life shot. Among that third of the Territorial Army that will man Britain's anti-aircraft defences are men quietly at work on the Army's latest devices and techniques to combat the threat of atomic devastation.

The quality and number of officers is high. Most units can boast of more battle veterans in the officer mess than ever before. At NCO level and in the ranks the case is slightly altered—those who have volunteered are men of fine morale and experience, but their numbers are inadequate.

Unit COs throughout the country look forward to the arrival of the first "conscript Territorials" next summer with mixed apprehension and satisfaction. The intake represents psychological novelty in a force that historically has not had to deal with pressed men. To what extent the attitudes of conscript and volunteer can be fused is a conundrum of military chemistry awaiting experiment.

Incentives

Somehow incentives must be found to transform the "conscript Territorial" into a volunteer.

Promotion prospects will undoubtedly play the biggest part in this process. A National Service man who ends his formal liability by switching to volunteer status increases the amount of time he must contract to his unit. But it will be obvious to most of them that, other things being equal, a volunteer will always be preferred for promotion as a natural human reaction.

Beyond this, the incentives remain much as they always were, the camaraderie of the unit, the club and social life attached to it, and the basic human satisfaction of performing a necessary duty with a good heart. Somewhere between Whitehall, the Trades Union Congress and the employers' organisation a policy to deal with the problems of summer leave for the spare-time soldier must be found.

Many National Service men are unlikely to regard a compulsory fortnight under canvas as an adequate annual holiday for each of four years, especially if they lose money over it.

Talks I have held with high-ranking officers at the War Office reassure me that all these problems are squarely faced. The War Office has nevertheless an empirical approach to the difficulties that may be more effective than cut-and-dried formulas. In circumstances where there are no guiding precedents official "wait-and-see" may blend well with the British soldier's traditionally good-humoured acceptance of almost any situation.

SECRETS OF ROYAL CHARM

By LOUISE PETRIE

Touring exhibitions and giving patronage to big efforts for the public good are part and parcel of Royalty's duties.

But when Britain's Queen fills this role there is a charm and personal touch that wholly overshadow the pompous officialdom of the occasion.

Scottish people in Edinburgh and Glasgow recently experienced something of this when Her Majesty put the seal of Royalty on events bearing a world-wide significance.

The Arts at the Edinburgh Festival have already made that impression, and the Glasgow Exhibition which the Queen opened is a gigantic effort from the business side.

Dr. both spheres Britain's Queen is perfectly at home. She possesses an innate appreciation of the finer arts, enjoys ballet, opera and the theatre.

This particular taste is said to be shared by Princess Margaret. In Industrial Exhibitions the Queen displays an equally strong and imaginative interest. Over and over again I've heard technicians and people steeped in the lore of some specific subject express surprise at Her Majesty's quick perception of details.

She listens intently to all they say, studies them or mechanism under discussion, then turns her lovely expressive blue eyes towards whomsoever she may be speaking and converses on a friendly knowledgeable level.

When something specially interesting crops up she may say, "I must tell the King about that." Or, it might be, "I think Princess Elizabeth or Princess Margaret would like to know that."

And if the Princesses happen to be present they'll be called over to talk about the matter there and then.

Gracious

"Thank You"

Before passing on to another exhibit or department Her Majesty is sure to say a gracious "Thank you."

This must be very often. Even with the best will in the world, things are bound to become boring occasionally. But the Queen never shows this. She remains her gracious self right to the end.

That she's able to stand the physical strain of such prolonged activities imposed says much for her general fitness. I can't recall a single occasion on which Her Majesty has been obliged to cancel engagements because of indisposition.

Though her tour may be planned down to the last detail, the Queen is liable to take her own course if she feels this advisable. Remember the spontaneous gesture on her last visit to Glasgow when she left her escort and crossed the street to speak to crowding housewives? That is typical of her friendliness.

Another characteristic is her memory for people. Being received by someone whom she has met several times before, she'll say, "My dear Miss So and So, how are you?" and she waits for Miss So and So's answer.

The inquiry is no empty perfunctory gesture. Photographs seldom do justice to the Queen. Until the camera arrives that captures the lovely nuance of colour we won't really get a true "likeness."

This fact invariably strikes people seeing her for the first time, and one always hears the exclamation, "Isn't she lovely!" Yet, taking the Queen as a model, she is a very ordinary type, shortish in stature.

Her style of dress suits her admirably. She eschews fitted fashions, preferring, generally, a loose jacket and dress ensemble. And wearing a hat to match creates the



"Mexico sells silver to China: 10 million ounces contracted." Not already, surely?

"Fair and warm, with occasional scattered showers. Not much change in literature." I wasn't really expecting any.

Sizes are often deceiving. Sometimes a woman's thumb has a man's under it.

"He added: 'Once a bird has become thoroughly identified with human beings, and learned to talk like them, it is useless for breeding purposes.'"

Maybe. But it would be just as well to keep an eye on it.

"I saw you with a blonde last night. Where did you meet her?" "I don't know. I just opened my wallet and there she was."

They are telling the story in England about the skeleton who asked the sexton in the churchyard one night how he could get free teeth.

The sexton told him, and was surprised to meet him again next night, this time carrying a tombstone. "They told me to come back with my identity card," he explained.

"Every dollar I have was made honestly." "By whom?"

"Deaths after all-night drinking party is declared natural." And sometimes not unwelcome.

"My opinion of modern women? Well, generally speaking..." "Exactly, old boy, exactly."

Client (after being suddenly slapped on the face): "What's that for?" Clairvoyante (looking up from crystal): "That's for kissing my husband next Friday night."

Every woman needs five husbands: an intellectual companion, a muscular toiler, a financial genius, a romantic playboy and a practical plumber.

Every man needs five wives: a glamorous girl, an English valet, a hotel chef, an attentive audience and a trained nurse.

"All through the night I have to get out of bed to bring glasses of water to my thirsty daughter. What do you suggest?" "Let her sleep in the bathtub."

happy illusion of adding to her height. The light, intense shades which she wears so beautifully serve a treble purpose—they enhance her own personal beauty; they make her distinctive in any gathering; and they photograph extremely well.

Whatever reason impels her to choose these colours matters little. They are now indefinitely part of herself, a minor factor in the creating of that smiling personality that never fails to please, be it the multitude waving wildly or a few people gathered together in a private circle.

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MOSCOW RECOGNISES PEKING GOVERNMENT

Gromyko's Message To Chou En-lai

BREAK WITH CANTON

London, October 2.

Moscow Radio announced tonight that relations have been established between the Soviet Government and the Chinese People's Central Government.

The Soviet Government has broken off relations with the Chinese Nationalist Government at Canton and has decided to Exchange Ambassadors with the "People's Republic" Government, the Radio said.

Russia's recognition of the People's Republic was announced by the Deputy Foreign Minister, M. Andrei Gromyko, in a telegram to Chou En-lai, Foreign Minister in the new Chinese Communist Government.

The Soviet Government is withdrawing its envoy from Canton, the Radio said.

Chou En-lai, who is also Prime Minister in the People's Republic Government, was earlier today reported to have notified diplomatic representatives of foreign countries in China of the official proclamation by the Communist leader, Mao Tse-tung, of the establishment of the new Government's proposal for establishing diplomatic relations with the Soviet Union.

Moscow Radio said: "The Canton Government has become merely a provincial government and, therefore, cannot be recognised by the Soviet Union as the Government of China."

In his telegram, M. Gromyko said: "The Government of the Union of Soviet Socialist Republics hereby confirms receipt of the declaration of the Central People's Government of China dated October 1 this year with the proposal to establish diplomatic relations between the two countries."

A CRISIS EXPECTED IN THE UN

London, October 2.

Russia's decision to recognise the Communist Government of China has advanced the date of the expected "China crisis" in the United Nations Security Council, according to diplomatic sources here.

Two separate Chinese delegations can now claim Great Power backing for a permanent seat on the Security Council, so until the United Nations Organisation can decide which representation is valid the work of the Security Council is almost in jeopardy.

It had been recognised in United Nations quarters that this situation might have to be faced during this session of the General Assembly.

Diplomatic quarters believe that the British Government is disposed to accord rapid de jure recognition to the Communist Government but it is expected that it will not be granted until Canton is captured.

The attitude of the United States Government is doubtful, and according to usually well-informed quarters, the Washington talks on the Far East between Mr. Dean Acheson, American Secretary of State, and Ernest Bevin, British Foreign Secretary, did not result in any agreed policy.

American Liners Taken To Tinghai

Shanghai, October 2.

A Chinese Nationalist warship is today taking two of the three "blockade-running" United States liners, detained off the mouth of the Yangtze since Thursday, to Tinghai in the Chusan Islands, according to a message received here by the local agents of the ships' owners.

The message, from Captain Henry Scurr of the 6,711-ton Flying Independence, said that his vessel and her sister ship, the Flying Clipper (8,192 tons) are being taken to Tinghai.

He asked the agents to inform the United States authorities. Earlier messages said that the Nationalist warship had signalled to the vessels to accompany her to the Chusan Islands off Hangchow Bay, adding: "You must proceed and follow orders by my Government. If not I will fire on you."

Last night, the Flying Independence was refused permission to move to a safe anchorage after she had protested that she was endangered by the rough weather and had touched bottom.

The local agents of the ships' owners, the Isbrandtsen Company Incorporated of New York, told Reuter today that the United States State Department is believed to have demanded an explanation of the Nationalist action from headquarters in Washington and is seeking the release of all three vessels.

The Flying Independence and Flying Clipper were on their way from Shanghai to New York with passengers and freight.

Six Britons are aboard the Clipper. The third ship held, the 7,607-ton Flying Trader, Shanghai-bound from Hong Kong, is understood to be remaining at the Yangtze mouth awaiting developments.

—Reuter.

Washington, October 2.

A Post editorial today suggested that President Truman use the US\$5,000,000 Congress granted in the military aid bill for the general area of China to assist Americans fleeing Red China and also to establish an espionage network in Communist-held areas.—United Press.

The authors, Fadiv and Simonov, who came here to attend the inauguration of the Sino-Soviet Friendship Association and the China branch of the International Peace Congress.

A spokesman for the Soviet group denounced the Kuomintang in a radio speech and urged early diplomatic relations with Communist China. The group arrived in Peiping from Mukden and Harbin.

End Of War In Six Months?

Peiping Radio emphasised that the new Communist constitution calls for the Government to "stand by the side of the Soviet Union and all new democratic countries. It is agreed that there exists no middle-road camp between the international peace and democratic camp and the imperialist aggressive camp."

Observers in Shanghai said the Communists now control roughly four-fifths of China—22 provinces out of 28 including Manchuria—with a total population of about 360,000,000. The Nationalists control six provinces in South and South West China.

The formation of the new Communist Government, earlier than anticipated, led to the belief that the Communists are expected to eliminate the Nationalist Government possibly within six months with a drive on Canton and the capture of Taiwan.

Reuter and United Press.

Two Million Women "Surplus" In UK

London, October 2.

England and Wales have 2,380,000 "surplus" women, according to official estimates of the population published today.

They showed that at the end of 1947 there were 16,888,000 males and 22,268,000 females, out of a population of 42,156,000.

The figures indicated an increase in the average age of the population since the last census in 1931. During the 16 years the proportion of the total population under 15 fell from 23.8 to 21.9 per cent and the proportion over 65 rose from 7.4 to 10.9 per cent.

Women live longer than men, according to these figures. Among people aged 85 and over there were in many areas more than twice as many women as men.—Reuter.

WASHINGTON PONDERES NEW SITUATION

Washington, October 2.

The Soviet Union's action in breaking with the Chinese Nationalists and recognising Mao Tse-tung's Red regime in Peiping intensified interest in informed quarters as to what course the United States, Britain and other powers might take in this respect.

This question was among those discussed by the Secretary of State, Dean Acheson, and the British Foreign Secretary, Ernest Bevin, when Mr. Bevin was here last month.

It is expected to rank high on the agenda of the conversations which the Indian Prime Minister, Jawaharlal Nehru, will have with Mr. Acheson here next week.

It is understood that Mr. Acheson won from Mr. Bevin agreement to "go slow" in extending recognition to Communist China. He is expected to urge India to agree to watch developments and extend recognition only if the Anglo-Americans decide to do so.

The United States is particularly anxious that India should not extend premature recognition because Mr. Acheson and other American officials believe such action by Mr. Nehru would have a tremendous psychological effect on other Asian nations.

Mr. Nehru has denied rumours that he intends to recognise the Chinese Reds soon, and officials here feel that his recent "White Paper", blasting the aggressive intentions of Indian Communists, will make him amenable to adopting the United States' "wait and see" policy.

Not Surprised

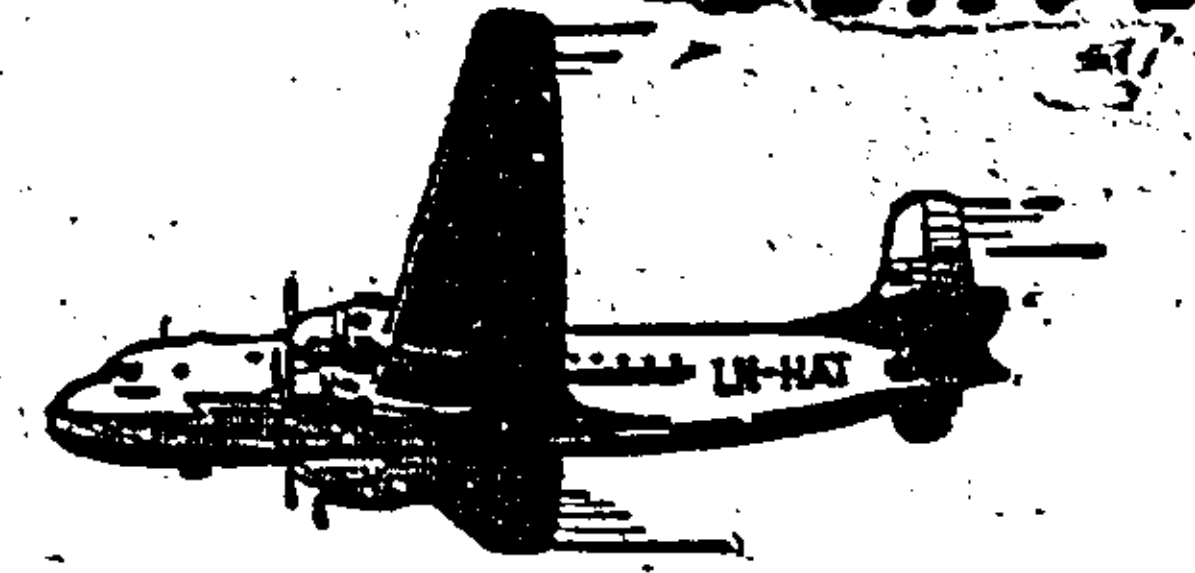
Officials here were not particularly surprised by the Soviet action in breaking with the Chinese Nationalists and recognising Mao Tse-tung's Red regime. It was the logical result of the Chinese move in filing charges at the United Nations against the Russians for allegedly violating the Sino-Soviet treaty of 1945. Establishment of the Mao regime at such an early date had surprised officials who had believed it would not be proclaimed until October 10 and not established until some weeks later. However, when it was created in the latter part of September, officials then concluded that recognition could not be far off.

The Soviet action came at a time when the United States' informal relations with the Chinese Communists were improving somewhat after the indignities suffered by American officials immediately after the fall of Shanghai.

Ironical Situation

Ironically, the action also came at a time when American relations with the Chinese Nationalist Government were somewhat strained due to Nationalist action

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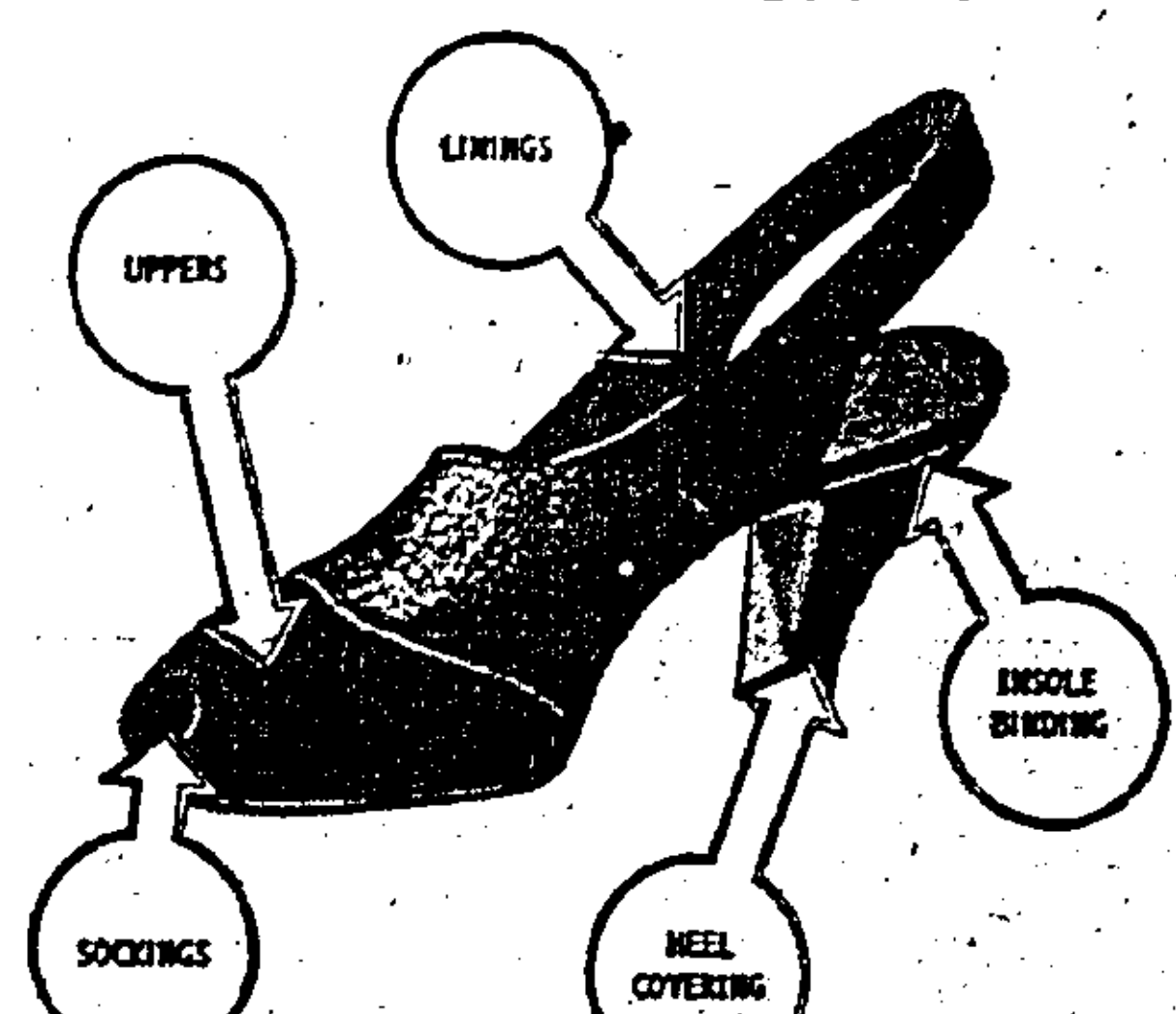
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AMERICAN LABOUR TO PRESENT NEW CONTRACT DEMANDS

St. Paul, Minnesota, October 2.

Delegates From Asia Hold Talks

Lake Success, October 2.
A meeting of all the 13 Asian delegations to the United Nations was held at United Nations headquarters here this afternoon to discuss the question of the former Italian colonies.

Sir B.N. Rau, India, who presided told Reuters that there was an exchange of views and he thought that this would be helpful to the Indian delegation in shaping its resolution on the Italian colonies.

Sir Benegal said that the conference went off smoothly and showed a common line of approach to the question of the delegations had in view.

This final resolution on Italian colonies, the Indian delegate said, would more or less be on the same lines as the ones he had indicated in his speech before the General Assembly.

On that occasion he had suggested a United Nations Commission to get up a Constituent Assembly for Libya and to prepare constitutions for any of the other territories that might be placed under the trusteeship system.

A Energy Issue

Regarding his proposal for transferring the atomic energy discussions to the International Law Commission, Sir Benegal said that he had seen a report that the United States delegation would not support it. He had not given up hope, however, he said.

"I think with a slight modification here and there, we might still be able to present a formula that would carry all round support," he said.

The meeting of Asian delegations was attended by the chief delegates of each country except in the case of Egypt and Pakistan whose permanent delegates were present.

It is learned that the elections to the Security Council that were expected to be held next week have been postponed still further. They are now expected to be held the week after.

The delay has been caused by the differences of opinion among delegations over Yugoslavia's candidacy and President Romulo is said to be desirous that the delegates should have enough time to ponder all the issues involved. Reuters.

CHINESE PACKING

Moscow, October 2.
Soviet recognition of the Mao regime caused no surprise to diplomatic observers here. Chinese Embassy members had expected such action, and have been quietly making preparations for liquidation.

Recently, about a dozen Chinese consuls in various parts of the Soviet Union began to arrive in Moscow with their families and arranged for eventual departure, the majority going to Stockholm and Paris and many hoping eventually to go to the United States.

The East European countries are expected to follow suit and recognise Mao Tse-tung this week.

Foreign observers here believe that several governments, in addition to the East European nations, will soon grant the Mao regime recognition.

Andrej Vyshinsky is expected in due course to support Chou En-lai's request that the United Nations disavow the Canton delegation and accept representatives of the new government. United Press.

Grain Race Ends At Falmouth

Falmouth, October 2.

Two of the last full-rigged sailing ships in active sea service arrived in England today carrying grain from Australia.

The Finnish bark Pamir docked here and her sister ship, the Pasat, at Penarth, 150 miles to the North, completing what may be one of the last "grain races" from the Commonwealth.

The Pamir and her sister wind-jammer left Port Victoria, Australia, on May 28, each carrying some 4,000 tons of wheat.

The Pasat put into Cork, Ireland, on September 19 but the Pamir came straight through.

Two women who signed on as stewards for wages of one shilling a month also thought the trip "quite an experience". They were Mrs. Nolly Llewellyn of New Plymouth, New Zealand, wife of the ship's Chief Officer and Mrs. Smythe of Auckland, New Zealand, wife of the Second Officer.

The Finnish Captain of the Pamir, V. B. Bjorkelid, said the voyage was an unusually long one, quite different from 1939 when he brought the Pamir to England in 96 days.

The skipper of the Pasat, 80-year-old Captain Iver Hagstrand, said his ship had a "good but rather uneventful voyage."

The cargoes of wheat the two ships carry have been bought by the British Ministry of Food, which hopes to use the two vessels as store ships, at least temporarily. Associated Press.

Black market activities are endangering the housing drive, ship building and other essential industries, Mr. Wilson asserted. Reuters.

Officers of the American Federation of Labour indicated today that labour's next big contract demand would be a shorter work day and shorter work week.

The AFL's Executive Council—comprising the union's 15 highest officers—told the convention that reduction in working hours would be at least a partial answer to growing unemployment.

The Executives warned the union's 7,241,000 members, however, that demands for a cut in working time would be won from industry only "through aggressive and forward-looking trade union action," but added that a reduced work week was an "entirely worthwhile end in itself."

1. Called the 81st Congress "just as difficult" as the 80th and said the major portion of President Truman's "fair deal" programme probably could not be enacted until after 1950.

2. Reiterated the AFL's long-standing opposition to Communism both at home and abroad.

Union officers did not say just how many hours they believed should be lopped off the present standard working week. They said the AFL's research staff was currently "studying economic conditions bearing on the question of shorter hours" and would soon report its findings.

New Era

"We are living in a new era and on a higher plane of activity and our standards must advance with the times," said the report. "Not only must past gains be preserved but new gains must also be made."

"To this end the AFL should once more consider the value of its drive for a shorter standard work week and shorter standard work day. Reduction in the hours of work will be necessary over the coming years to keep up national productivity in line with our national income. This is essential if high unemployment is to be avoided."

Apparently written before the recent wave of current devaluation, the Council's report called for a "multilateral arrangement to get currencies on a sound basis." It said it was vital to get the most efficient production and one step was to squeeze the water out of overvalued currencies. The next step, according to the Council, would be to work out plans for "universal exchangeability" of currencies.

Reporting specifically on Germany, the Council said there had been some economic recovery but this was handicapped by the "uncertainty of the dismantling." It said an integrated European economy would provide a safeguard against war production in Germany.

Co-operation With India

The Council said the AFL had withdrawn from the Communist-dominated World Federation of Trade Unions and the next step was to form a democratic international group which the AFL would join.

Recommendations made in the report called for close American co-operation with India, declaring that that country was a "great Asiatic nation able to take effective leadership in blocking Communist aggression."

"Upon India will fall the brunt of the world's demand for democratic control of Asia."

The Council said that the democracies of the world had blocked Soviet aggression in Europe primarily as a result of economic reconstruction. It said, however, that further economic progress in Europe was being handicapped "by the absence of a unifying political federation with uniform trade controls."

It said the Brussels treaty, which set up the consultative Council of Europe, "falls far short of anything like a political federation which could unify and strengthen Western Europe to provide free markets within its jurisdiction."

Pacific Pact

The Council called for the United States to take the lead in promoting a Pacific Pact against

Communism and backing it up with "economic aid and co-operation similar to what we have given Europe."

Declaring, "The power-mad clique in the Kremlin has been frantically engaged in instigating chaos and civil wars throughout South East Asia," the Council said that the "local point of the world crisis" now lay in the Far East and the U.S. must take immediate positive steps to block the spread of Communism in that area.

The report took note of the fact that China, the Philippines and Southern Korea had urged a Pacific pact against Communism and added: "Our nation, with so much at stake in maintaining friendly relations with Asia, should take an active part in promoting this constructive movement to secure general participation. No one country can block the machinations of the Kremlin, but co-operation for united defence is irresistible."

The Council also took a slap at the Administration's policy on China, declaring: "The Far Eastern Division of the State Department seemed to favour the Communist cause in China and used its influence to prevent Congress from voting further aid to the Nationalist Government."—United Press.

Dismantling Programme In Germany

Duesseldorf, October 2.

The British occupation authorities, pulling down more than two hundred German factories, indignantly denied today that British fear of German competition motivated the dismantling programme.

Ranking British officers made their denial to six American correspondents who have just completed a tour of the factories being razed. The tour was sponsored by the giant coal, steel and iron combine, Vereinigte Stahlwerke, as part of its campaign against further dismantling.

Brigadier K. H. Noel, economics adviser to the British occupation administration, was the principal spokesman for the dismantling programme. He denied German charges that the British were deliberately dismantling factories that would make goods to sell in competition with British-made goods. He said the dismantling programme was agreed upon and is being carried out by Britain, France and the United States.

He said, "The condition in which the world finds itself is purely and simply a result of the Germans. They twice turned a lost war into a satisfactory ending. Suppose for the moment their cry of victory is right. Is there anything wrong with that? Are we entitled to any fruits of victory? I think so. We are doing no more than we have every right to do... If we had gone through their factories with high explosives in 1945 it would have been exactly what they would have expected a conquering power to do."—United Press.

CHINESE REACT TO RECOGNITION

New York, October 2.

Mr. T. P. Ts'ang, chief Chinese Nationalist delegate in the United Nations General Assembly, today issued this statement on the Soviet recognition of Communist China.

"This so-called People's Republic of China, being the child of Soviet Russia, would naturally be recognised by its father."

Mr. Ts'ang presented the Chinese complaint against Russia to the U.N. Assembly last week, charging the Soviets with backing the Chinese Reds in their war against the Kuomintang Government at Canton. Associated Press.

BLACK MARKET IN TIMBER

Liverpool, October 2.

The Trade Minister, Mr. Harold Wilson, tonight forecast tighter control of timber in Britain "to stop black market activities."

He said in a speech to the Merseyside Federation of the Labour League of Youth that measures to tighten timber controls would be announced in a few days.

Black market activities are endangering the housing drive, ship building and other essential industries, Mr. Wilson asserted. Reuters.

We Musicians Must
Stick Together!



Yehudi Menuhin, the world famous violinist, rewards a Berlin barrel organ player with a large tip for his serenade as the former leaves the Titania Palace Theatre, after rehearsal with the Berlin Philharmonic Orchestra. Menuhin arrived in Berlin for a concert tour. At right is Mrs. Menuhin. (Associated Press Photo).

STEEL, COAL STRIKES COSTING U.S. MILLIONS

Pittsburgh, October 2.

The strikes in two giant American industries, steel and coal, in which nearly 1,000,000 men are idle, are costing millions of dollars in wages and profits.

Mr. Philip Murray, President of the Congress of Industrial Organisations' Steelworkers, and Mr. John L. Lewis, chief of the United Mine-workers, are leading labour's fight.

Their demands for benefits and industry's refusal led to a walk-out of 513,000 steelworkers and 400,000 soft coal diggers.

Mr. Murray wants pensions and social insurances to be paid by the company. He says he will take nothing less.

The big steel companies want their employees to contribute something in support of the pension programme.

Mr. Lewis wants a new contract for his workers. But he has never publicly disclosed his specific demands.

The miners walked out on September 13 after Mr. Lewis had announced the suspension of payments from the Mineworkers' pension and welfare fund. He said the fund was nearly empty because some Southern operators had failed to pay their 20 cents per ton royalty.

Fight To Finish

Negotiations in the steel dispute have been broken off. No new meetings are due.

Who will make the first move is not known.

Mr. Murray says he is prepared for a fight to the finish. Industry is of the same view.

Mr. Lewis resumes talks with the management on Wednesday. The United States has estimated that it has a 45 day supply of coal at present.

With the steel industry no longer devouring supplies, stocks are likely to last longer.

Relatively mild autumn weather keeps the household use of fuel to a minimum.

Pall Of Gloom

A pall of gloom hung over American industry tonight.

Other thousands in related industries were being laid off rapidly. The figure is expected to reach 100,000 in several days.

Another half-million men in the fabricating business may be out by the end of the month.

The only foreseeable break in the depressing picture will come tomorrow with the return to work of Pennsylvania's 78,000 anthracite miners and 21,000 soft coal diggers in states West of the Mississippi River, who were ordered back by John L. Lewis so as to have coal markets and to provide heat for American homes.

But more than 380,000 miners are still on strike in the soft coal fields, their contract negotiations with Northern and Southern operators hopelessly deadlocked.

The same situation existed for 514,000 steel workers who walked out.

Same Causes

It will be "No. 3" for both groups tomorrow: the third day of the steel strike and the third week of the coal strike.

Both strikes, which are costing workers \$511,000,000 a day in wages, started over pension disputes.

Philip Murray ordered steel workers out when he was unable to get the owners to pay for the entire cost of the pension plan. Coal miners struck after it was announced that pensions were being halted because the welfare fund was too low. The UMW was reported to have decided to raise contributions to get more money into the fund. Associated Press and United Press.

Naples Flood Drowns 25

Naples, October 2.

About 25 people are dead in floods in Naples Province caused by sudden heavy rain storms.

In the town of Benevento, 64 kilometres inland from Naples, about 20 people were killed by falling houses.

The town was cut off from all rail and telephone communications.

Four others were drowned in a stable in which they were living in the village of Nocera, near Salerno, when the banks of the river Argine gave way. Reuters.

Prague Red Officials Arrested

Prague, October 2.

Unofficial but reliable reports said today that seven Communist officials of a government agency in Prague had been arrested on charges of fraud.

From the same sources came reports of the dismissal and arrest of four officials by the Government Ministry who had previously been attached to the regime of the late President Eduard Benes.

These were the latest in a crop of arrests which indicated that the Czech Government might be planning new trials of alleged dissidents and plotters.

The seven Communists reported arrested were identified as officials of a national agency for restitution and reconstruction.

They were in charge of recovering property looted by the Germans during the occupation and restoring it to former owners or placing it in a government repository.

They were reported he have been accused of embezzlement and accepting bribes. The four "former allies of Benes" were reported ousted from the Government Ministry of Unification of Laws. They were identified by friends as Mohmir Vanecek, once Benes' secretary, Professor Stefan Jez, a former member of Parliament from Benes' National Socialist Party, Václav Zatecky and Vilem Krácl.

The reason for their arrest was not known and no official comment on the reports was available. Associated Press.

GERMAN REDS' MESSAGE

Berlin, October 2.

Herr Wilhelm Pieck and Herr Otto Grotewohl, joint Chairmen of the Communist-dominated German Social Unity Party (SED) in the Soviet Zone, tonight addressed congratulatory messages to Mr. Mao Tse-tung, Chairman of the Chinese Communist Party, on the formation of the Chinese People's Republic.

The message declared that the German people would, with the help of the great Socialist Soviet Union, rather the German national forces in order to win national freedom. Reuters.

Powerful New Jet Engine

London, October 2.

British science has developed a new jet engine reported to be so powerful that war planes using it can climb vertically like rockets.

An authoritative though non-official source today described this new power plant as having more than twice the thrust of engines now in regular production and use.

Its exact details and performance are still secret but one qualified source said it developed a thrust of more than 10,000 pounds. Most British jets now in service have rated power of 5,000 pounds while the American Allison 400 develops only 5,500.

For the first time, this authoritative source said, it will be possible to give normal fighter planes more power expressed in pounds of thrust than their overall weight.

"There appears to be no reason why such planes should not climb vertically like rockets, depending on the thrust of their jets to more than balance their weight," said one expert.

The latest British jet discussed publicly is the Rolls Royce "Avon", rated at 7,500 pounds of thrust. A pair of them give Britain's first jet bomber, the "Canberra", its almost phenomenal performance.

Recently a Meteor fighter using two "Avons" was said to have reached 40,000 feet from the ground in four minutes.

Aeronautical experts—who had no direct connection with development of the new jet engine—speculated that its first use would be in fast climbing interceptors. Associated Press.

Rival Consulates Closed

Cairo, October 2.

Two rival Panamanian consulates ceased business in Alexandria on Saturday night.

A third Panamanian consul—a real one—arrived and said he had both been illegal centers of an international racket in forged South American passports and visas.

Police said they were holding Elie Arvanitopoulos, a claimed to be "former Honorary Panamanian Consul General," in "preventive detention."

Police said they have evidence of "wholesale forging" of Panamanian passports. Visas to a number of South American countries, chiefly Venezuela, were also forged, they said.

Mr. Alberto Allmann, newly appointed Panamanian consul and a real member of the Panamanian Foreign Service, uncovered the illegal operations when he began setting up a "leg" consulate. Associated Press.

LIGHT QUAKE IN CALIFORNIA

San Leandro, California, October 2.

A light earthquake nudged the East Oakland-San Leandro area shortly after noon today. No damage was reported but dishes rattled and residents flooded the police department with calls.

The University of California seismologist, Dr. Perry B. Reid, timed the quake at 12.38 p.m. and the shock was recorded on his instruments for 30 seconds. United Press.

COMMIES CELEBRATE PEACE DAY

London, October 1. Newspapers, editorials and speeches all over the Soviet Union in celebration of "Peace Day" stressed as their main theme that the "safe hands of Russia" now held the atom bomb.

The biologist and Academician, A. I. Oparin, declared that Russia wanted to devote her energies to peaceful reconstruction, including the peaceful application of atomic energy, and regarded the atom bomb as a fearful weapon of aggression which should be outlawed.

Celebrations were held all over the Soviet Union. In Moscow, thousands of demonstrators addressed huge meetings.

Several thousand demonstrators, chanting "peace" slogans, marched through the West End of London today in the Genetaph, the Whitehall memorial to the War dead, where they placed a wreath of white flowers in the shape of a dove of peace.

The march followed a rally in Hyde Park, which was organised by the British Peace Committee, and offshoot of the Communist-sponsored Paris Peace Congress last April.

Mr. Konni Zilliacus, the Labour Independent Member of Parliament who was expelled from the Labour Party for his support of the Paris Congress, told the demonstrators that "the creeping slump in the United States, devaluation and the discovery that Russia already possesses the atom bomb are the death rattle of the Anglo-American post-war policy."

The first "International Peace Day" was celebrated in many Dutch towns, 70,000 assembling in the Dutch capital to hear speakers stress the necessity to fight for peace.

About 150,000 people of Bucharest celebrated "Peace Day" by demonstrating for "the Soviet Union and the people's Democracies" and against the "warmongering Anglo-American imperialists."

Novelist Mihail Sadoveanu, Vice-President of the Rumanian Presidium, Gheorgi Apostol, chairman of the General Confederation of Labour and Constantza Gracian, President of the Democratic Women, addressed crowds on University Square, urging them to redouble their efforts "in their fight for peace."

Bucharest was plastered with cartoon posters lampooning the "imperialist war mongers." One cartoon showed a skeleton dressed in an S.S. uniform presenting a Nazi flag to President Truman, who gives the Nazi salute. It was captioned, "Changing of the Guard."

The Pope, Mr. Ernest Bevin, Mr. Leon Blum and Marshal Tito also figured on open air dancing, singing and political sketches are being staged.—Reuter and Associated Press.


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H.R.H. Princess Margaret is escorted by Lord Ogilvy, 23-year-old heir of the Earl of Airlie, as she arrives at the racecourse for the Perth Hunt meeting in Scotland. The Princess and other members of the Royal Family were spending a summer holiday at Balmoral Castle, Scotland. (AP Photo).

Germans Swarm Across Border In Thousands

Berlin, October 2. Nearly 15,000 Germans crossed from the East into the American Zone and thousands more into the British Zone today when Soviet guards opened sections of the frontier for "World Peace Day" celebrations.

In Berlin, the German police arrested 20 members of the Communist-led Socialist Unity Party who were travelling through the American sector in a lorry, waving Red flags and shouting Communist slogans.

The men, who were on their way to a mass political rally at Potsdam, in the Soviet sector, will appear before a United States Military Government Court tomorrow.

West German police headquarters said that they had been arrested under an American military Government instruction prohibiting unlicensed political demonstrations in the sector.

Eastern Zone Germans poured into the American Zone in the Neustadt area forcing aside 10 United States military police who, reinforcing the West Zone German border patrol, had tried to warn them not to cross.

The Russians apparently intended to give the West Zone Germans a chance to join the Communist-inspired "Peace" demonstrations, but the German police estimated that for every German going East there were between six and 10 going West.

When the Soviet authorities closed their side of the American Zone border again, after it had been open for four hours, several thousand Eastern Germans were reported still on the Western side of the frontier.

Traders Thrive
The Western police made special arrangements to let them go back later.

The Russians did not open the whole frontier, and at Helmsdorf, on the Berlin Autobahn, the Soviet officer-in-charge said that he knew nothing about opening the border.

German officials on the British side of the border did not try to stem the flow of illegal "immigrants." East Germans crossed into the British Zone after night-long torch-light and bonfire "peace" demonstrations.

On the British side of the border, traders did a thriving business selling ice-cream, smoked herrings and sausages. Restaurants were crowded with East Germans being treated to meals by West German friends.

In some places the Russian guards refused to open the frontier. In the Hot-Bavaria sector 500 people and a mile-long line of cars waited in vain for the Soviets to let them through.

Berlin Meeting
At another place in Bavaria hundreds of Germans turned back by Western patrols said that they were not political demonstrators but wanted "a good trot."

Yesterday, 6,000 Germans streamed into the British Zone without permits when the Russians threw open the frontier for

RUSSIAN PROTEST TO THE WEST ON GERMAN REPUBLIC

London, October 2. The Soviet Government today handed notes to the United States and British Ambassadors and to the French Charge d'Affaires in Moscow on the German problem.

Moscow Radio said that the notes, handed in to the Embassies by M. Andrei Gromyko, Soviet Deputy Foreign Minister, said that Russia considered the formation of a separate West German State a violation of the Potsdam agreement.

Christmas Cheer For Britain

Washington, October 2. A United States official said today the U.S. could deliver large quantities of dried eggs and fruits to Britain in time for Christmas cakes and other holiday eating if the British Government decided to spend US\$8,000,000 to \$10,000,000 for these commodities in connection with the recent Cripps-Snyder talks.

He believes the Ministry of Food is in consultation with the Exchequer as to how this money will be spent.

The official thought it possible a decision would be made within a few days if it had not already been taken and the United States might hear from London during the current week.

The British agreed to spend the aforementioned sum for U.S. surplus farm commodities when they received permission to use ECA money to pay for wheat in Canada, but no decision was made as to which foods they would buy.

Officials said several million pounds of dried egg were in storage in various parts of the United States and a considerable part of this could be put on ships in a short time. They added that the eggs were of the type in demand by the British and others.

The source said that at this season the British were unable to get adequate amounts from Denmark, Holland, Belgium, Canada, and Australia, although European production was nearly at pre-war volume.—United Press.

Kidnapped Merchant Released

Melbourne, October 2. Mr. Solomon Ravidell, a 69-year-old Jewish businessman who was kidnapped last Wednesday, walked victoriously into the police headquarters here tonight and reported that his captors had turned him loose along a lonely stretch of highway 18 miles outside the city.

The police said that the intense search for the three masked men who kidnapped Mr. Ravidell had become "too hot" for them to hold out for the A\$20,000 ransom they believed was the motive for the crime.

Mr. Ravidell, whose kidnapping is the first case in the history of the Victoria police, said that he had been blindfolded since Wednesday, and that he was given very little to eat or drink.

The masked men dragged him from his home to a waiting car on Wednesday night, hitting his wife over the head with a revolver when she interfered.

A nationwide dragnet was thrown for the kidnapers.

Mr. Ravidell's son, Maurice, recently won a costly Jewish legal action which was settled out of court.—Reuter.

SOVIET "HONOUR" FOR ROBESON

Prague, October 2. The Prague Press reported today in despatches from Moscow that Russia had named a mountain in Siberia after Paul Robeson, American negro singer.

The newspaper, "Mlada Fronta" said the mountain is in the Zailiisk Ala Tau range in the Kazakhstan Republic.

The highest peak in this range is the 25,395 foot "Shield of Victory".

"It is the first time that such an honour has been paid to a Negro singer," "Mlada Fronta" said.—Associated Press.

Walloons' Stand Against Leopold

Liege, October 2. If the Catholic supporters of King Leopold push his return to the Belgian throne too far, they may "hear the rumblings of a revolution," M. Jean Allard, a Socialist Senator, declared here today.

He was addressing the fifth annual Congress of the Walloons, who comprise just under three million of Belgium's 8,500,000 population.

The Senator declared that King Leopold, in a self-imposed exile in Switzerland since the last days of the war, cannot any longer be considered as the King of the Belgians.

"He can be considered only as king of the country's Flemish population," he said, adding: "If the Walloons are pushed too far you will hear the rumblings of a revolution. Walloons force will be felt. It is the fear of our force alone that will make our adversaries change their minds."

The Socialist Vice-President of the Chamber of Deputies, M. Francois Van Belle, declared: "If, despite us and against us, a referendum is held, we will have to destroy, if necessary, the King and even the Royalty."

"If Leopold III has not betrayed Belgium, he has betrayed the Walloons. This betrayal began the day he became king."

This stand of the Walloons against the return of Leopold to the throne was also affirmed by M. Rene Drezé, Liberal Party Member of the Chamber of Deputies.

The Liberals sided with the Socialists in a Senate Commission vote on September 24 against the holding of a referendum on the return of the King.

The Liberal Party as a whole is described as divided on the question. The Socialists are openly opposed to the return of King Leopold.—Reuter.

The notes said that the formation of a separate Government for the Western zones of Germany—a policy which had been pursued by the Governments of the United States of America, Great Britain and France during the past two years—was a violation of the Potsdam agreement under which these three Powers jointly with the Soviet Union undertook the obligation of transforming Germany into a single unit and in assisting its transformation into a democratic, peace-loving State.

The step taken by the three Governments, the note said, represented not only a violation of the obligation for achieving the unity of Germany, but also the obligation for the conclusion of a peace treaty with Germany.

In Berlin, Communist sources predicted today that a "national government" will be created soon in Eastern Germany with the Kremlin's permission.

In a telegram to the city soviet of Moscow, the Mayor of East Berlin, Friedrich Ebert, announced "our determination to create a Democratic Germany on your model."

The Communist-edited "Berliner Zeitung" declared that Soviet occupation forces would "raise a barrier in the way of building and activating an all-German sovereign national all-German government" with Berlin as the capital.

German People's Council

"The only Democratically elected body composed of the best representatives of all Germany, who can speak in the name of Germany, is the German People's Council," the newspaper asserted. "It should and can take the steps which will lead to an all-German government. It dare not delay longer."

The German People's Council has chiefly functioned as a propaganda instrument for the Soviet military government without any government powers of its own.

It was chosen by the German People's Congress in which Communist organisations admittedly have 60 per cent of the seats.

The Congress itself was elected last May in a plebiscite in which a single list of candidates was presented on behalf of "German unity and a just peace."

When 4,080,272 East Germans—33.9 per cent of the electorate—marked a defiant "No", Soviet authorities were visibly astounded.

Republic Attacked

With Communists all over the globe celebrating today as "World Peace Day" under Moscow's auspices, German Party members used the occasion to attack the West German Republic and call for Germany's reunification on their own terms.

"Neues Deutschland," organ of the Socialist Unity (Communist) Party in Eastern Germany, referred to the Western Republic as "this American-English bastard."

"The Bonn government of old Nazi activists and war savers can never bring our people peace and the resurrection of national independence," it added.

Anti-Communist political circles seriously doubted that an East German election would precede the formation of a "national government" in Berlin.

No Date For Elections

Apparently because of the failure of Communists to win a landslide for their People's Congress five months ago, no date has yet been set for long overdue state and local elections in the Soviet zone.

Walter Ulbricht, No. 2 German Communist, told an educational meeting here: "It is a basic error that many Germans regard Democracy only from the standpoint of electoral rights."

Ulbricht read that the People's Council had already approved this year a constitution for a future "German Democratic Republic."

He described it as "securing the rule of the workers."

Anti-Communists have charged that it would perpetuate control by a Communist minority and require Germany to become a Sovietised state.—Reuter and Associated Press.

Washington Declines To Comment

Washington, October 2. The State Department tonight acknowledged receipt of the Russian note on Germany but declined immediate comment.

An official said that the nine-page note, written in Russian, was handed to the United States, British and French Ambassadors in Moscow yesterday. He added that it was translated and sent to the Department here early today.

The Department did not make public the text and the spokesman said there would be no official comment before tomorrow at the earliest.—United Press.

Projected South East Asia Union

Manila, October 2. Malacanang spokesman today said President Quirino's interest in the projected South East Asia Union is in organisation of the Union as soon as possible and not in who is going to assume leadership of the Union.

The spokesman was commenting on the press despatch from Washington which said American policy planners may ask Indian Premier Nehru to lead the Far East in an anti-Communist Pacific Union.

He said President Quirino has not received any communication from Brigadier General Carlos P. Romulo regarding the projected Union nor had he sent any message to General Romulo at Lake Success regarding the proposal.

The spokesman said the President does not know of any American plan to have Nehru lead South East Asia in an anti-Communist Union, and had no comment to make on the press report.

General Romulo, who was instructed by President Quirino during his recent visit here to organise the Union is currently Secretary of the General Assembly.

However, it is generally presumed he had made the necessary soundings regarding the Union plan among delegates of the interested Powers at Lake Success.

Philippine officials continue to hope that if and when the organisational conference of the proposed Union is held, the Philippines summer capital would be the site of the meeting.—United Press.

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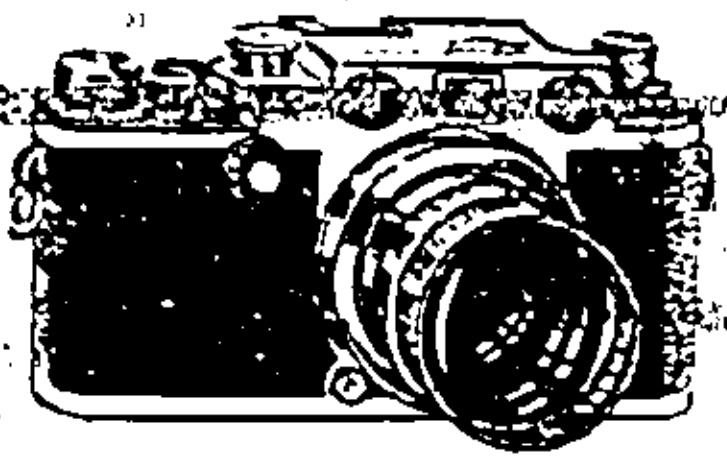
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Sforza Proposal On Fate Of Italian Colonies

Lake Success, October 2.

The Italian Foreign Minister, Count Carlo Sforza, today proposed to the United Nations Political Committee that Cyrenaica, Tripolitania and the Fezzan should be given independence with some kind of federal union between the three. He also made these proposals for the disposal of Italy's former African colonies:

- (1) Elections for a Constituent Assembly in Tripolitania within six months.
- (2) A Control Commission for Tripolitania to include an Italian member.
- (3) The independence for the whole territory.
- (4) Italian Somaliland: no interruption in Italian development of the country.

In his speech to the Committee, Count Sforza said that the general principle through which the General Assembly must find a solution to the colonies problem were laid down in the Charter and were repeated in the peace treaty with Italy.

- These general principles were:
- (1) The wishes and welfare of the population concerned.
 - (2) The interests of peace and security.
 - (3) The views of the other interested governments.

"If we adopt a proposal which is opposed to the wishes of the populations or a majority of the populations and seek to impose that solution against their will there will be neither peace nor security in those regions, nor in regions beyond the confines of the colonies," he warned.

"In these matters the wishes of the population must be in the last resort, be paramount."

Independent Libya

"We shall be prepared to accept the proposal that Libya as soon as possible should be set up as an independent State."

Eritrea was a much more complex problem, Count Sforza continued. There, the Ethiopian claims were based upon affinity of race and culture and upon the economic needs not only of Ethiopia but also of Eritrea.

"We recognise the force of these considerations," he added. "It had been argued that Eritrea was almost a hopeless derelict. 'If you attach that hopeless derelict to Ethiopia, to what extent are you being friendly towards Ethiopia?' he asked. Nevertheless, he had been impressed by the force of the arguments raised in favour of uniting Eritrea with Ethiopia.

Eritrea had its economic needs and deficiencies. But he doubted whether its economic deficiencies and needs were any greater than those of Ethiopia itself. It would be a dangerous doctrine to adopt that a small country must necessarily be absorbed by a large neighbour.

Count Sforza maintained that it could be ascertained within a few months what the population of Eritrea wanted.

"One has not discerned any precise assertion that a majority desire union with Ethiopia," he added.

"On what principle is it said that a population which does not desire union should be forced to unite merely because it might be to their economic benefit?"

"Why is it being assumed that proper access to the sea for Ethiopia can only be obtained by union with Eritrea?"

"Why force on them today a decision which would be irrevocable and start something which it may be too much for Ethiopia to manage?"

Sense Of Reality

Sir Mohammed Zafrullah Khan, Pakistan Foreign Minister, said he welcomed the greater sense of reality which had been directed towards the solution of the problem of Libya since the last discussion in the Assembly.

During the previous Assembly debate, Pakistan was of the view that Libya was ready for independence and should achieve it as one unit. Pakistan welcomed the Italian proposal and would be prepared to support it.

Sir Mohammed said that it was not altogether a matter of regret that a decision on the colonies question was not reached four and a half months ago.

"The views then expressed and the period of time that has since elapsed have, we venture to think, brought a greater sense of reality to be directed towards the consideration of this problem," he said.

"We have been particularly gratified with the speech that has just been delivered by Count Sforza. It appears to us to have been conceived not only in the right spirit and generally to be in accord with the principles of the Charter but it reveals an approach to the problem which is both humane and inspired by noble motives."

"That ought to go a very long way towards setting at rest some of the doubts and suspicions that were entertained by some of the delegates during the last session."

Major Assent
"If one were at the very outset to indicate a degree of assent to the proposals in the speech by Count Sforza we would say that we would find it possible to go two-thirds of the way with them. The difficulties with regard to the remaining one-third could perhaps be resolved on the basis of principles upon which we are all agreed."

Sir Mohammed noted that whereas only a portion of the Assembly had previously been of the view that Libya as a whole was ready for independence, now a very large number of representatives, if not all, have come round to the view.

"We welcome this change and we shall be prepared to support it,"—Reuter.

HURRICANE WARNING

New Orleans, October 2.
Ships were warned tonight of a storm of hurricane intensity in the Gulf of Mexico by the United States Weather Bureau.

The Chief Forecaster said that the centre had been located by reconnaissance planes approximately 280 miles East South East of Tampico, Mexico.

At 4.15 B.S.T., he said, the hurricane was apparently moving North Westward from four to eight miles per hour. The strongest winds were from 120 to 140 kilometres per hour near the centre of the storm, and gales at 50 to 85 kilometres per hour extended outward for 160 to 240 kilometres.

Scattered squalls and rough seas are reported over most of the Northern Gulf.—Reuter.

Manoeuvres In The Pacific

Honolulu, October 2.
The largest combined military and naval manoeuvres in the Pacific since the war will be conducted late this month as Operation "Miki."

A United States task force, consisting of 100 ships and 37,000 men, will try to wrestle control of the Hawaii Island of Oahu from an entrenched "aggressor" force of 9,000 soldiers and 3,000 Navy personnel.

D-Day is still the secret of the manoeuvre command, Vice-Admiral Gerald Bogan.—Reuter.

Important Fact

This said: "Facing a situation created by an important fact of

external policy having had repercussions on the economic and financial situation of France, and on international production and exchange, the Government decided to inform the Governments of Europe, of the necessity of a conference destined to ensure the monetary order and economic stability of Europe."

M. Francois Mitterand, Government spokesman, then said that the procedure by which France would ask for the conference had not yet been decided.

He added that it would probably be within the framework of existing organisations, particularly the O.E.C.

M. Pétache said tonight that there was no question of calling a special conference. He then explained that a memorandum would be submitted to the O.E.C. on October 27.

British and Continental O.E.C. delegates tonight said that the words of the French communiqué indicated that there was little difference between the French proposal and the "ordinary work" of the O.E.C.

It was learned from usually

EUROPE'S ECONOMIC PROBLEMS PROPOSAL

Paris, October 2.

France last night suggested that the European nations get together to discuss cost of living questions.

Tonight she announced that she would submit her proposals on current economic and monetary problems to the Organisation for European Economic Co-Operation.

The Finance Minister, M. Maurice Pétache, disclosing this, said that he would submit a memorandum on "some consequences of devaluation" and study proposals to obtain "real European co-operation."

Usually well-informed sources said that the memorandum would contain specific proposals for:

- (1) Procedure to avoid "surprises" like the announcement of the devaluation of Sterling.
- (2) Monetary and economic measures to speed the return to free international exchanges in Europe.

M. Pétache, who declined to give details of the memorandum, was addressing newspapermen after economic planners of Western Europe had spent today puzzling over the living discussions proposed by the Government last night after a long meeting of the Council of Ministers.

The original French proposal was announced in a communiqué after last night's Ministerial meeting.

It was learned from usually

external policy having had repercussions on the economic and financial situation of France, and on international production and exchange, the Government decided to inform the Governments of Europe, of the necessity of a conference destined to ensure the monetary order and economic stability of Europe."

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Week-End Talks On Indonesia

The Hague, October 2.
A brief communiqué on the week-end talks by the leaders of all delegations to the round-table conference on Indonesia, which was held at the "Hoge Vuurse" Hotel in Utrecht Province, was issued tonight.

The communiqué said that the Steering Committee of the Conference had discussions during the week-end with members of the Financial and Economic Committees.

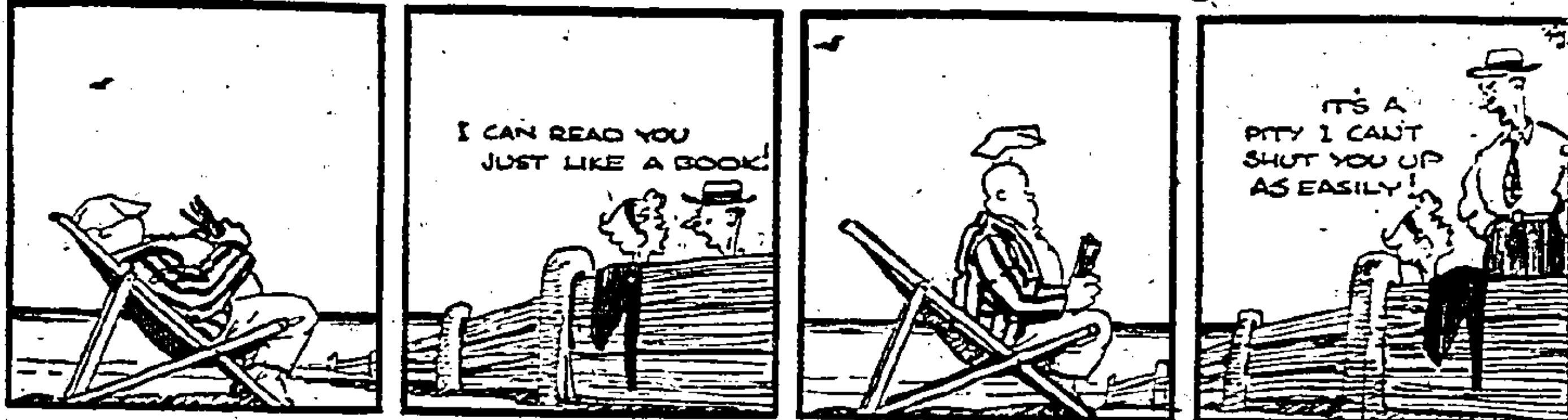
"During these discussions, which were held in a good atmosphere, the opinions of the various delegations were clearly presented and defined."

"A study of the statements made at the Hoge Vuurse Hotel and of the documents to be submitted later will be continued in the coming week at The Hague," the communiqué said.—Reuter.

well-informed sources tonight that some experts had suggested, immediately after the devaluation of Sterling, that a conference of European countries be held without Britain, but the French Government, though "annoyed" by the British action, considered that nothing should be done outside the O.E.C.—Reuter.

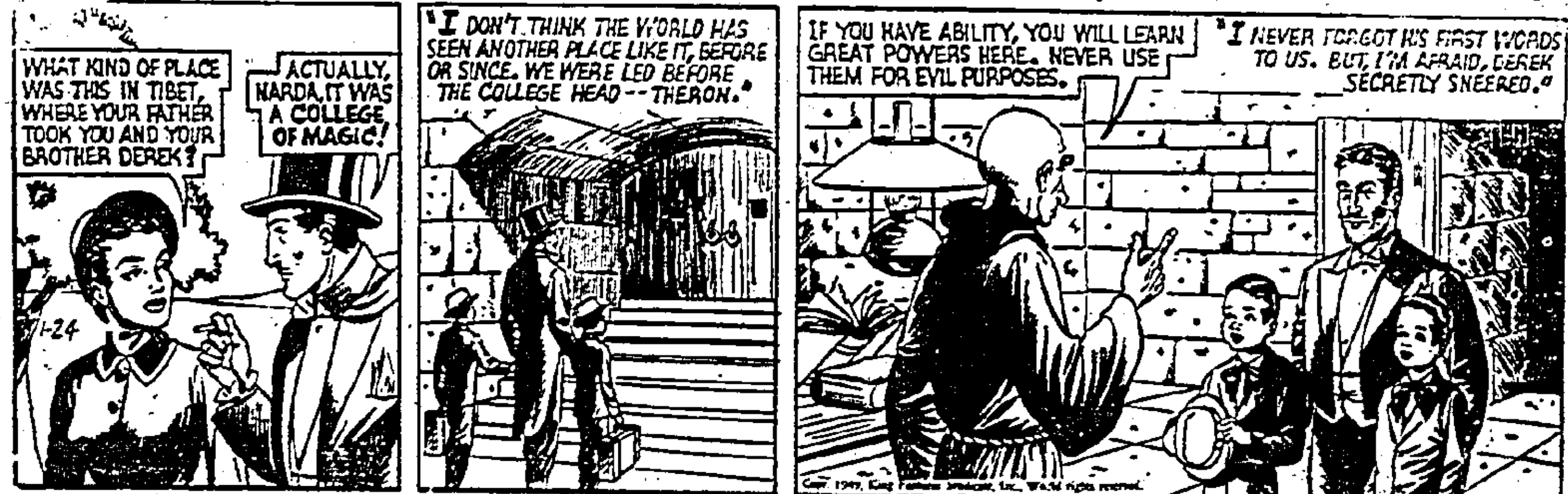
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"SHENGKING"	Swatow 6 p.m. 11th Oct.
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"AENEAS"	UK via Straits ... In Port
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"YUNNAN"	New Zealand, Australia, Manila & Japan 3rd Nov.

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UN ASSISTANCE FOR BACKWARD NATIONS

Paris, October 2.—Dr. J. C. Ghosh, Director-General of India's Ministry of Industries and Civil Supplies, supported UNESCO (United Nations Educational, Scientific and Cultural Organisation) participation in technical assistance to underdeveloped areas at the week-end meeting of the Organisation here.

Dr. Ghosh said: "We hope our programme in this field will make a great contribution to the future of civilisation."

De Gaulle Says He Will Wait

Versailles, October 2.—General Charles de Gaulle said today that he will patiently wait for another two years for a chance to come back to power in France.

But should war break out in the interim, he said, he and his French People's Party (RPF) "would be the sole hope" of France and would take all the steps necessary "to assure the salvation of the country."

"I say this is weighing my words well," he told the closing session of a national council of his party.

General de Gaulle, who has previously made thinly-veiled threats to take strong action to come back to power, sharply criticised the present French Government but said he "will not take to the barricades to chase it from power by force."

Associated Press.

PAKISTAN WANTS LOAN

London, October 2.—Mr. Ghulam Mohammed, Pakistan's Finance Minister, said here today that Pakistan "certainly wants" a loan from the International Bank for Reconstruction and Development. "The matter is under active consideration," he added.

He told Reuters that Pakistan wanted the loan for the development of its industries, agriculture and transport. Mr. Mohammed arrived in London by air yesterday from New York after attending the recent meetings of the International Monetary Fund at Washington.

He said that during this stay of about one month in the United States he made contacts with officials of the Export-Import Bank of Washington and studied the workings of American financial and industrial organisations.

—Reuters.

"At a recent conference at Lake Success, on the utilisation of the world's resources, it was pointed out that the population of this world had increased by 1,000 million in the last four generations and would probably increase by another 1,000 million by the end of this century."

"The development of resources in the Western world has progressed very much faster than the increase in population, with the result that people have a reasonable chance of enjoying a decent life as the reward of normal work."

"But for the large majority of the world's population, where modern knowledge has been little applied to resource development, poverty remains as grinding as ever."

"The conference at Lake Success held the view that our stock of scientific and practical knowledge was the world's greatest resource, but that there was a large gap between what could be done with such knowledge and what was being done for the enrichment of human life."

"It is the business of the United Nations and UNESCO to bridge this gap as early as possible."

"The real economic progress of a country must come from within," Dr. Ghosh continued. "The worth of a country is, in a collective sense, the worth of its citizens."

"The Government of India has approved ambitious schemes of technical education. We would welcome UNESCO's aid in lending us teachers of repute and high purpose, and by providing us with books and scientific appliances at concession."

"Another form of aid should be fellowships for talented students from underdeveloped countries to train in Western educational institutions and industrial concerns."

"If science and technology are to aid in enriching life in the older countries, the people's outlook on life must change, considerably. It will not do to decry the progress of earthly happiness for the sake of eternal happiness in Heaven."

"Mental inertia must not be harboured under the guise of conserving old ideals. The Eastern peoples must be inspired with faith in the fertility of free will and decision." —Reuters.

Country's Worth

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Spanish Exchange Rates

Madrid, October 2.—The Government today announced revised official basic exchange rates between the Spanish peseta and eight foreign currencies which devalued the peseta in relation to the British Pound Sterling. The peseta itself, however, is not devalued in relation to the official dollar rate which remains at 16.6 pesetas to the dollar.

Under the new exchange rate the Pound will be worth 30.66 pesetas or a drop of 33 per cent from its former pre-devaluation rate of 44.13 pesetas to the Pound.

Swedish and Danish crowns dropped in the same 33 per cent proportion in relation to the peseta while the French franc, formerly exchanged at 4.03 pesetas per 100 French francs, dropped about 25 per cent to 3.13 pesetas per 100 francs. Adjustments were also made between the peseta and the Belgian franc, the Swiss franc and the Dutch guilder.

The new rates apply only to the official rate which is rarely used, serving mainly as a base for numerous special rates applicable to tourists and scores of export and import products covering the greater part of Spanish trade.

It is anticipated that the government will soon be forced to announce a devaluation of the peseta in relation to the dollar in order to meet competition in foreign markets from other countries which have devalued their currencies. —United Press.

POST OFFICE MAIL NOTICE

Outward Mails.
GENERAL HOLIDAY.
On Thursday, October 6, 1949, the General Post Office and New South Wales Post Office will be closed from 8 a.m. to 10 a.m. There will be one delivery of Registered and Ordinary Correspondence and one collection only from pillar boxes at 10 a.m.

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Great Britain Appeals For Scientists

London, October 2.—The Ministry of Supply today issued an appeal to young scientists to enter Government service to pursue hitherto undeveloped lines in atomic energy research.

Men and women chemists and physicists are being offered permanent posts at British atomic energy establishments at Harwell, Wipac, and Springfield.

A Ministry statement said an attraction is that the Government facilities for atomic research are the most up to date in Europe. Associated Press.

RADIO

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12.15—Religious Talk.
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12.45—Light Variety.
1.00—Alfred Campbell and His Orchestra.
1.15—Weather Report and Announcements.

1.30—Interlude.
1.45—Music and Song from Vienna.
2.00—Close Down.

2.15—"How Kung Calling"—Programme Summary.
2.30—Great Citizens—Robert Owen—by Ernest Wright. A. B. Broadcast For Schools. (RECEIVED)
2.45—Big Bill Campbell and His Billy Billy Band.

3.00—Cantonese by Radio—Given by Miss Lee Wai Lan and S. K. Lee. (Singing).
3.15—American Letter by Alistair Cooke. (London Relay).
3.30—Grand Symphony Orchestra—Pop's Suite, Originals Conducted by Dr. Weissenborn.

3.45—"Down Memory Lane"—Presented by Allen Woods. (Studio).
4.00—World News and News Analysis. (London Relay).
4.15—The Queen For Dosh Caper—By Jonathan Slay. (Studio).
4.30—"The Blue Danube"—The True Story of the Strauss Family and their Contemporaries. A Caravan of Music of 19th Century Europe.

4.45—"From the Editor's." (London Relay).
5.00—Weather Report.
5.15—"The Music of the Last Hundred Years. No. 4: 'Great Orchestras of Our Day.' A Talk by the Rev. Father T. F. Ryan, S.J. (Studio).
5.30—"Time For Music"—BBC Midland Light Orchestra, Conducted by Gilbert Vinter. (BBCUS).
5.45—Irish Rhythms—Frank McDonald. (Studio).
6.00—Irish Rhythms—Frank McDonald. (Studio).
6.15—Irish Rhythms—Frank McDonald. (Studio).
6.30—Chanson Française.
6.45—Radio News Reel. (London Relay).
7.00—Weather Report and Summary of News.
7.15—Close Down.

7.30—"Up with the Sun."
7.45—"Setting Up Exercise."
7.55—"Musical Clock."
8.00—"Breakfast Session."
8.15—"News and Weather Forecast."
8.30—"Olympic Motors Programme."
8.45—"Good Morning."
9.00—"Radio's Music—Manila Relay."
9.15—"Morning Melody."
9.30—"Console Keyboard—Manila Relay."
9.45—"Music for All—Manila Relay."

9.55—"H.K. Stock Exchange."
10.00—"Song of the Islands—Music of Hawaii."
10.15—"Time."
10.30—"Jazz Signal."
10.45—"Light Music."
11.00—"Swing."
11.15—"News."
11.30—"The Show."
11.45—"Variety Calls the Tune—Programme of Popular Light Music."
12.00—"Tropics—Music of Central America."
12.15—"Tally Ho! Yours Elsie Fitzgerald, Peggy Lee and Others."
12.30—"Music Makers."
12.45—"Children's Corner—With Betty Brice."
1.00—"Movie Time—Music and Stories from the Film Studio."
1.15—"Radio Handicraft—Stars of World Radio."
1.30—"National Stage—A Programme from Australia."
1.45—"Music for Millions—Ceylon Relay."
2.00—"Richard Lin—Singapore's 'Kong's Musical Theatre'."
2.15—"Let's Listen to Liberty (Gilmán)—From the Radio City Music Hall, New York."
2.30—"Greatest Favourites (Churchman's No. 1 Classics)—A Classic Musical."
2.45—"The Super-Cola Programme—Sammy Kaye and the Kayettes."
3.00—"BBC News."
3.15—"The Stars—Big (Radio's)—Featuring Minds Caravan."
3.30—"Let's Talk—Music in Three Quarter Time."
3.45—"Musical Show—Lester Clegg and His South American Orchestra."
4.00—"Tales of the Supernatural—'The House of the Dead'."
4.15—"Vigilant Leaps (Preston Cookers)."
4.30—"Studio Dance—Part 2—30 minutes with the Glenn Miller Orchestra."
4.45—"BBC World News—Relay."
5.00—"Local News."
5.15—"Radio News—Relay."
5.30—"Paris Colours—Radio—Relay."
5.45—"Standard—Symphonic Arrangements."
6.00—"Light and Sweet—Manila Relay."
6.15—"Close Down."

6.30—"Up with the Sun."
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11.30—"Music Makers."
11.45—"Children's Corner—With Betty Brice."
12.00—"Movie Time—Music and Stories from the Film Studio."
12.15—"Radio Handicraft—Stars of World Radio."
12.30—"National Stage—A Programme from Australia."
12.45—"Music for Millions—Ceylon Relay."
1.00—"Richard Lin—Singapore's 'Kong's Musical Theatre'."
1.15—"Let's Listen to Liberty (Gilmán)—From the Radio City Music Hall, New York."
1.30—"Greatest Favourites (Churchman's No. 1 Classics)—A Classic Musical."
1.45—"The Super-Cola Programme—Sammy Kaye and the Kayettes."
2.00—"BBC News."
2.15—"The Stars—Big (Radio's)—Featuring Minds Caravan."
2.30—"Let's Talk—Music in Three Quarter Time."
2.45—"Musical Show—Lester Clegg and His South American Orchestra."
3.00—"Tales of the Supernatural—'The House of the Dead'."
3.15—"Vigilant Leaps (Preston Cookers)."
3.30—"Studio Dance—Part 2—30 minutes with the Glenn Miller Orchestra."
3.45—"BBC World News—Relay."
4.00—"Local News."
4.15—"Radio News—Relay."
4.30—"Paris Colours—Radio—Relay."
4.45—"Standard—Symphonic Arrangements."
5.00—"Light and Sweet—Manila Relay."
5.15—"Close Down."

5.30—"Up with the Sun."
5.45—"Setting Up Exercise."
5.55—"Musical Clock."
6.00—"Breakfast Session."
6.15—"News and Weather Forecast."
6.30—"Olympic Motors Programme."
6.45—"Good Morning."
7.00—"Radio's Music—Manila Relay."
7.15—"Morning Melody."
7.30—"Console Keyboard—Manila Relay."
7.45—"Music for All—Manila Relay."

P.O. B.I. E.A. COMPANIES

PENINSULAR & ORIENTAL S.N. CO.

PASSENGER FREIGHT SERVICE.
OUTWARDS LEAVES LONDON DUE HONGKONG
1. "CASTRAGE" 2nd Oct. 24th Oct.
2. "CORFUS" 12th Oct. 24th Nov.
3. "CANTON" 12th Nov. 19th Dec.
4. "CARTAGE" 12th Dec. 16th Jan.

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2. "CORFUS" 12th Nov. 19th Dec.
3. "CANTON" 12th Dec. 16th Jan.
4. "CARTAGE" 12th Jan. 24th Feb.
5. "CORFUS" 12th Feb. 24th Mar.
6. "CANTON" 12th Mar. 24th Apr.

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ROYAL INTEROCEAN LINES

JAVA PORTS and MACASSAR

SAILINGS	ARRIVALS
"TIBADAK" 15th Oct.	13th Oct.
"TUTJALENKA" 29th Oct.	27th Oct.

MANILA

SAILINGS	ARRIVALS
"STRAAT MALAKKA" 7th Oct.	
"BOISSEYAIN" 8th Nov.	
"STRAAT SOENDA" 30th Nov.	18th Oct.
"TEGELBERG" 28th Dec.	18th Nov.

SINGAPORE, PENANG and BELAWAN DELI

SAILINGS	ARRIVALS
"VAN HEUTS" 19th Oct.	13th Oct.
"VAN RIEMSDIJK" 2nd Nov.	27th Oct.

EAST & SOUTH AFRICA & SOUTH AMERICA

SAILINGS	ARRIVALS
"STRAAT MALAKKA" 7th Oct.	
"BOISSEYAIN" 8th Nov.	
"STRAAT SOENDA" 30th Nov.	18th Oct.
"TEGELBERG" 28th Dec.	18th Nov.

Calling at Mombasa & L. Marques direct.
Transshipment cargo accepted on through B's/L to
Dar-Es-Salaam and Zanzibar.

JAPAN

SAILINGS	ARRIVALS
"STRAAT MALAKKA" 6th Oct.	
"BOISSEYAIN" 11th Oct.	
"STRAAT SOENDA" 20th Oct.	31st Oct.
"TEGELBERG" 20th Nov.	2nd Dec.

Agents: HOLLAND—EAST ASIA LINE
EUROPE via MANILA and MALAYA

SAILINGS	ARRIVALS
"MARIEKERK" 14th Oct.	
"MOLENKERK" 14th Nov.	20th Oct.

Transshipment cargo accepted on through B's/L to India,
Mediterranean and Northern European ports.

JAPAN

SAILINGS	ARRIVALS
"MARIEKERK" 25th Oct.	6th Oct.
"MOLENKERK" 25th Oct.	13th Nov.

KING'S BUILDING. TELS. 28015 to 28017
CHINESE AGENTS: 82, CONNAUGHT RD. C. TELS. 31196-25133

DE LA RAMA LINES

ARRIVING FROM U.S. ATLANTIC COAST

VIA LOS ANGELES & SAN FRANCISCO

s.s. "DONA AURORA" 18th Oct.

m.v. "DONA NATI" Early Nov.

SAILING FOR U.S. ATLANTIC COAST

VIA SAN FRANCISCO & LOS ANGELES

s.s. "DONA AURORA" (Calls Japan) Early Nov.

m.v. "DONA NATI" (Calls Japan) Late Nov.

THE DE LA RAMA STEAMSHIP CO., INC.

(Incorporated in the Philippines)
MARINA HOUSE CHINESE SHIPPING OFFICE
Tels. 23676-23675 Tels. 23738-20153

Notice To Consignees

Consignees Per

STATES STEAMSHIP COMPANY

s.s. "CHARLES E. DANT"

are hereby notified that their cargo is being discharged into the Hong Kong & Kowloon Wharf & Godown Co's godown where it will be at Consignees risk and expense until the Wharf's terms and conditions of storage, and where delivery may be obtained.

Damaged packages are to be left in the godowns for examination by Consignees and the Company's Surveyors, Messrs. Carmichael & Clarke at 10 a.m. on October 4, 1949.

To comply with General Bonded Warehouse Regulations Consignees must have a Revenue Officer in attendance when damaged dutiable goods are examined.

No claims will be admitted after the goods have left the steamer's godown, and all goods remaining undelivered after October 5, 1949, will be subject to rent.

All claims against the steamer must be presented to the Underinsured on or before October 12, 1949, or they will not be recognised.

No fire insurance will be effected.

DODWELL & CO., LTD.
Agents.

Hong Kong, Sept. 29, 1949.

Notice To Consignees

ss. "VINGNES"

Having arrived Hong Kong consignees of cargo are hereby notified that all goods have been landed and placed at their risk and expense into the godowns of the China Provident L. & M. Co., Ltd., where delivery may be obtained as soon as the goods are landed.

No claims will be admitted after the goods have left the godowns or failure to attend the survey.

All broken, chafed and damaged goods are to be left in the godown where they will be examined in the presence of Messrs. Goddard and Douglas on October 5, 1949, at 10 a.m.

To comply with the General Bonded Warehouse Regulations, consignees must have a Revenue Officer in attendance when examining damaged dutiable goods. All claims against the vessel must be presented to the Underinsured within fourteen days of the ship's arrival, or they will not be recognised.

No fire insurance will be effected.

WALLEN & CO.,
Agents.

September 29, 1949.

FINANCE AND COMMERCE

Hong Kong Stock Exchange

A quiet opening, not showing any definite trend.

H.K. GOVT. LOANS

4 1/2% Loan 100s.

3 1/2% Loan (1934 & 1940) 100s.

3 1/2% Loan (1948) 100s.

BANKS

H.K. & S. Bank 100s. 14 1/2s.

(Lon. Rec.) 4 1/2s.

Chartered Bank 4 1/2s.

Merrill Lynch 4 1/2s.

Bank of China 100s. 10 1/2s.

INSURANCES

Canton Ins. 310s.

Union Ins. 60s. 67s. 66s.

China Underwriters 5 1/2s.

H.K. Fire 1 1/2s.

SHIPPING

Douglas 500s.

H.K. & M. Steamships 1 1/2s.

Indo China 1 1/2s.

Shells (Steamer) 70s.

Union Waterways 2 1/2s.

Asia Nav. 7 1/2s.

DOCKS, WHARVES, GODOWNS, ETC.

H.K. & S. Wharves 100s.

North Point Wharves 30s.

Shanghai Hongkong Wharves 14s.

H.K. Docks 15s.

China Provident 11 1/2s. 12s.

Shanghai Dockyards 6 1/2s.

Wharves 2 1/2s.

MINING

Raut Mines 4 1/2s.

H.K. Mines 4 1/2s.

LANDS, HOTELS & BLDGS.

H. & S. Hotels 2 1/2s.

H.K. Lands 4 1/2s. 5s.

Shanghai Land 170s. 150s.

Hongkong 1 1/2s.

H.K. Realities 1 1/2s.

Chinese Estates 1 1/2s.

PUBLIC UTILITIES

H.K. Tramways 15 1/2s. 16 1/2s.

Park Tram (Old) 1 1/2s.

(New) 1 1/2s.

Star Ferry 50s.

C. Light 10 1/2s. 11 1/2s.

H.K. Electric 20s. 21 1/2s.

Macao Electric 20s.

Sandakan Light 10s.

Telephones 19 1/2s.

Shanghai Gas 2 1/2s.

INDUSTRIALS

Cold. Mac. (Ord.) 25 1/2s.

Canton Ice 7s.

Cement 10 1/2s. 11 1/2s.

H.K. Paper 12 1/2s. 13 1/2s.

STORES, ETC.

Dairy Farms 57 1/2s. 57 1/2s.

Watson 4 1/2s.

L. Goddard 15s.

Sincere 4 1/2s.

China Emporium 2s.

Sun Co. Ltd. 2 1/2s.

Kowloon Sincere 10 1/2s.

Wing On 4 1/2s. 5s.

Wing. Powell, Ltd. 5s.

MISCELLANEOUS

China Entertainment 14s.

H.K. Constructions (Ord.) 20s.

(New) 2s.

Vibro Piling 15s.

Marsman Investments 2 1/2s.

Marsman (H.K.) 2s.

Shanghai Loan 15s.

Yankee 2 1/2s.

COTTONS

Ewo 2 1/2s.

RUBBERS, ETC., COMPANIES

Aime 2 1/2s.

Anglo-Dutch 3 1/2s.

Anglo-Java 1s.

Batu Anom 40s.

Eute Plantations 2s.

Cheng Rubber 2 1/2s.

Consolidated Rubbers 1s.

Dominion Rubbers 1s.

U.S. BUSINESS MOVES TO A SLOWER PACE

New York, October 2.

Business and industry in the U.S. shifted to a slower pace late this week as a result of the worst labour snarl since 1946.

With steel mills idle and little coal finding its way to the surface there was nothing to do but revise working schedules and adjust all planning to the conditions dictated by two major strikes and a host of lesser labour disputes brewing over the industrial scene.

No one knew for sure how many people were detached from pay-rolls as a result of labour trouble, but the number certainly exceeded 1,000,000 and promised to grow rapidly unless a sudden break occurred.

Impartial observers agreed that steel and coal are so dependent on each other that neither could survive without the other very long, and that the greatest industrial nation on earth might find itself back in a horse and buggy era soon if a solution could not be found to the social security problems that brought on the strike in the first place.

Relying heavily on the theory that no one wants to go backward, analysts who camped on the optimistic side of the labour scene this week-end believed a solution to at least one of the major riddles would appear.

Once one is out of the way, the entire picture can change with dramatic suddenness. And usually the change is for the better.

Settlement of the Ford pension dispute at the very last minute and the sudden decision of John L. Lewis to send the hard coal diggers back to work on Monday along with the miners in Western States were the main prisms of optimism over the larger labour scene.

Bright Spots

The numbing industrial crisis hit at a time when the fledgling autumn upswing in business was gaining altitude slowly but surely. Retail trade has been holding up well in recent weeks despite the natural caution generated by strikes and threats of strikes.

Forward buying for autumn and Christmas inventory accumulation has been a bright

spot in the economic picture and industrial expansion and modernisation programmes have provided important props.

Other favourable factors in the national economy at the moment include a high rate of industrial production where no labour difficulty is involved, week to week gains in employment in industries that are trouble free on the labour score, little evidence thus far that worldwide currency devaluation is going to make anything more than a small dent in the demand for American goods at home and abroad, a new spin of the inflationary wheel stemming from the large sums the Government plans to spend abroad and a huge backlog of home and industrial construction that grows and grows from week to week.

Gold Holdings

Operating statistics were none too accurate this week because of widespread confusion and the sudden switch in plans caused by the worsening labour picture as time went on.

Outstanding on the financial side of the ledger was a drop in gold holdings—the largest decline in five years.

The US\$89,000,000 drop was small in comparison with our previous total gold holdings of nearly US\$25,000,000, but it touched off a lot of gossip among experts concerning the reasons.

It is known some foreign governments believe that sooner or later the U.S. will raise the price of gold in this country from the present US\$35 an ounce. If a foreign government wanted to back up its judgment and buy some of the U.S. gold at the going rate, it could sell it back to the U.S. at a higher level if the U.S. ever did raise the price. Such a manoeuvre could have caused the drop—Associated Press.

SA SALE OF GOLD EXPECTED

London, September 2.

Unofficial financial quarters here believe that the South African Finance Minister, Mr. N. C. Havenga, will soon announce a big sale of South African gold on the free market.

They also believe that he will announce a constructive gold-mining policy following devaluation, and a Sterling loan in London.

In the most important of these, the free gold sale, there are substantial but unconfirmable reports that South Africa will get up to 320 shillings an ounce.

That would compare with the post-devaluation price of 248s. 3d. for sales at the official price, and the pre-devaluation price of 172s. 6d.

This mention of 320 shillings an ounce, equal to \$44.80, aroused some surprise.

The free market price, which was over \$50 an ounce last year, fell to about \$40 after the Communist successes killed most of the Chinese demand which was the foundation of the market.

It has since recovered, but is not known to be quite so high as \$42.90 for a quantity as big as Mr. Havenga is expected to announce.

In other currencies, much higher prices could be obtained. On Friday, for example, the Italian Finance Minister indicated a free market price of almost \$50 an ounce.

To test the waters, whether it were passed on to them directly or indirectly by relief of certain charges, or in the most indirect form, or relief to the South African budget as a whole, it would be an important benefit additional to the great benefit they have already received by devaluation—Reuters.

Money Market

US dollars were down to HK\$5.98 when the market opened yesterday but recovered in the afternoon to \$6.03. At the close the figure was \$6.01.

TT was put through from HK\$5.95 up to \$6.02.

Sterling was unchanged at HK\$15.70.

Australian pounds opened at HK\$11.55 and closed at \$11.60. The figure remained nominal at HK\$11.70 a 100.

Ticals were unchanged at HK\$27 a 100.

NET Guilders dropped to HK\$22.50 a 100 after opening at \$24.50.

Production Of Tin Declines

The Hague, October 2.

World production of tin in concentrates declined sharply to 12,900 long tons in July after the post-war record of 15,800 in June. It was announced today in the "Statistical Bulletin" of the International Tin Study Group.

This was due in the first place to a drop in Bolivian exports from 4,001 in June to 2,348 tons in July. Malayan production fell to 4,533 tons from 4,802 tons in the previous month. Indonesia, at 2,520 tons, remained at exactly the same level and the Belgian Congo fell back to 874 tons after the high output of 1,730 tons in June.

World production of tin metal at 14,000 tons in July was the same as in the previous month. Malayan, U.S. and UK production were all lower at 5,067, 2,910 and 2,280 tons respectively, but the Netherlands' production rose from 700 tons in June to 2,008 in July.

World stocks, which had remained at a fairly steady level since February, 1949 apart from the US strategic stockpile, increased considerably to 141,100 tons at the end of June compared with 135,200 tons at the end of May.

Post-War Record

The US and Malayan stocks were at the high levels of 71,135 tons and 15,800 tons, respectively. (In the case of Malaya this is a post-war record) while in the UK stocks continuing to climb reached 24,004 tons at the end of June.

World consumption of tin metal in July is estimated at 9,700 tons, the same low level as in May, and 300 tons less than in June.

The estimated consumption of France and India, two major consumers, has been lowered since January, 1949, to 700 and 400 tons respectively.

In the US, where consumption has fallen since the beginning of the year, only 4,124 tons were used in May and 4,159 tons in June.

The use of tin in tin plate, however, rose and reached 3,019 tons in June.

World tinplate production reached a new post-war record of 451,000 tons as a result of very high American figure, 373,487 tons.

On September 26, the UK Ministry of Supply announced its intention of abandoning the bulk government purchase of tin as soon as possible. The London metal exchange will be reopened for dealings in tin at the earliest practicable date.

At the same time tin prices were changed as follows: Tin metal, ex-Malayan smelter for purchasers outside the US, \$739 per ton, and for American purchasers, 95 cents per pound, off New York. Selling price of metal in the UK, \$757 per ton delivered for refined tin—Associated Press.

TRADE PROBLEMS IN GERMANY

Bonn, October 2.

Committees of experts will this week attack the knotty problems of German foreign trade and currency.

The Allied High Commission announced that it had named an economics committee and a foreign trade and exchange committee, and invited German experts to meet with both.

The foreign trade group charged with studying mark devaluation problems and coal price questions is to report within seven days.

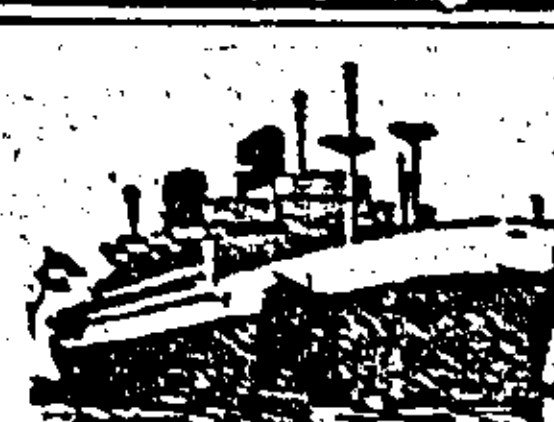
The Economics Committee has been given several weeks before submitting a report—Associated Press.

ISLAMIC TRADE CONFERENCE

Karachi, October 2.

Nine countries in the Islamic belt—Iraq, Egypt, Saudi Arabia, Iraq, Syria, Lebanon, Jordan, Oman and Muscat—have agreed to participate in the world economic and industrial conference of Islamic countries beginning at Karachi on November 25. Afghanistan and Turkey are still considering the invitation. Burma, Ceylon and Indonesia are sending observers to the conference.

A large exhibition for industrial products of Islamic countries has also been arranged—Associated Press.



AMERICAN PRESIDENT LINES

The Global Fleet

TO HONOLULU & SAN FRANCISCO via JAPAN

"President Cleveland"	Arr. Oct. 15	Sails Oct. 16
"President Wilson"	Arr. Nov. 2	Sails Nov. 2
"General Gordon"	Arr. Nov. 4	Sails Nov. 4

ESSAGERIES MARITIMES

ARRIVALS FROM

"CHINON" Japan 6th Oct.
"BREST" Europe 8th Oct.
"CHAMPOLLION" Marseilles 3rd Nov.

SAILINGS TO

"CHAMPOLLION" Marseilles via Manila 4th Nov.
"CHINON" N. Africa & Europe 6th Oct.

FOR ADEN, PORT SAID, TUNIS, MARSEILLES, ALGIERS, TANGIER, CASABLANCA, HAVRE, DUNKIRK, ANTWERP & ROTTERDAM

"BREST" Saigon 9th Oct.

For Passage and Freight Apply to:-

CIE DES MESSAGERIES MARITIMES.

Queen's Building Tel. 26051 (three Lines)

WATERMAN STEAMSHIP CORPORATION

MOBILE, ALA., U.S.A.

WATERMAN LINE EXPRESS FREIGHT SERVICE

FROM U.S. ATLANTIC COAST via JAPAN

S.S. "YAKA" Due about 25th Oct. 1949.
S.S. "CITY OF ALMA" Due about 1st Nov. 1949.

Direct for New York, Baltimore and Philadelphia via Japan, Honolulu

For freight and further particulars apply:-

WALLEM & COMPANY

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IVARAN LINES

FAR EAST SERVICE

FROM U.S. ATLANTIC COAST via MANILA
LOADING FOR ATLANTIC PORTS
via JAPAN

M/V "BORGHOLT" Due about 15th Oct. 1949.

M/V "LISHOLT" Due about 11th Nov. 1949.

For freight and further particulars apply:-

WALLEM & COMPANY

Agents.

Hongkong & Shanghai Bank Bldg. Tels. 34177-9.

THE PACIFIC ORIENT EXPRESS LINE

Loading For

LOS ANGELES, SAN FRANCISCO & VANCOUVER, B.C.
via Japan

M.V. "VINGNES" Sail about 26th Oct. 1949.

From U.S. Pacific Coast

M.V. "BOOLONGENA" Due about 4th Nov. 1949.

For particulars, please apply to:-

WALLEM & COMPANY

Agents.

Hongkong & Shanghai Bank Bldg. Tels. 34177-9.

MAERSK LINE

Managed by

A. F. MOLLER, COPENHAGEN.

General Agents in U.S.A.

MOLLER STEAMSHIP COMPANY INC.

FAST FORTNIGHTLY SERVICE TO:
NEW YORK, PHILADELPHIA, BOSTON & BALTIMORE, VIA
SAN FRANCISCO, LOS ANGELES AND PANAMA
Accepting transhipment cargo for Caribbean and Gulf Ports

NEXT SAILINGS

M.S. "ANNA MAERSK" Oct. 9
M.S. "OLGA MAERSK" Oct. 19
M.S. "LAURA MAERSK" Nov. 14

Special Tanks available for the carriage of oil in bulk

ARRIVALS FROM U.S.A.

M.S. "GERTRUDE MAERSK" Oct. 25
M.S. "LEISE MAERSK" Nov. 4
M.S. "TREN MAERSK" Nov. 20

For Freight and Further Particulars please apply to:-

Agents JEBSEN & CO. Pedder Building
Tel. No. 24861-3

AIR AND SHIPPING INTELLIGENCE

Shipping Arrivals

YESTERDAY

Eastern Star (J.M.) British ex-San Francisco 11.45
Frisco (B & S) British 12.15
Cebu (B & S) British 12.30
Peking (B & S) British 12.45
Teh Wai (Chinese) 215 tons ex-Frisco 1.15

TODAY

Coronation (Mac Mac) from Persian Gulf
Shanghai (B & S) from Incheon 10.15
Shanghai (B & S) from Sibu & Brunei 10.30

TOMORROW

Hanayama (B & S) from Kobe
Takanashi (Jardine) from Yokohama
Wingsang (Jardine) from Keelung

Shipping Departures

YESTERDAY

Do Haui (M.M.) for Hongkong
Guang (B & S) for Sibu & Brunei
Guang (B & S) for Sibu & Brunei
Shanghai (Mac Mac) for Singapore
Van Kham (M.M.) for Singapore

TODAY

Shanghai (B & S) for Sibu & Brunei
Shanghai (B & S) for Sibu & Brunei

TOMORROW

Shanghai (B & S) for Sibu & Brunei
Shanghai (B & S) for Sibu & Brunei

Vessels In Port

Acaris (B & S) T.D.
Acaris (B & S) T.D.
Acaris (B & S) T.D.
Acaris (B & S) T.D.
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Shipping Arrivals

YESTERDAY

Eastern Star (J.M.) British ex-San Francisco 11.45
Frisco (B & S) British 12.15
Cebu (B & S) British 12.30
Peking (B & S) British 12.45
Teh Wai (Chinese) 215 tons ex-Frisco 1.15

TODAY

Coronation (Mac Mac) from Persian Gulf
Shanghai (B & S) from Incheon 10.15
Shanghai (B & S) from Sibu & Brunei 10.30

TOMORROW

Hanayama (B & S) from Kobe
Takanashi (Jardine) from Yokohama
Wingsang (Jardine) from Keelung

Shipping Departures

YESTERDAY

Do Haui (M.M.) for Hongkong
Guang (B & S) for Sibu & Brunei
Guang (B & S) for Sibu & Brunei
Shanghai (Mac Mac) for Singapore
Van Kham (M.M.) for Singapore

TODAY

Shanghai (B & S) for Sibu & Brunei
Shanghai (B & S) for Sibu & Brunei

TOMORROW

Shanghai (B & S) for Sibu & Brunei
Shanghai (B & S) for Sibu & Brunei

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Do Haui (M.M.) for Hongkong
Guang (B & S) for Sibu & Brunei
Guang (B & S) for Sibu & Brunei
Shanghai (Mac Mac) for Singapore
Van Kham (M.M.) for Singapore

TODAY

Shanghai (B & S) for Sibu & Brunei
Shanghai (B & S) for Sibu & Brunei

TOMORROW

Shanghai (B & S) for Sibu & Brunei
Shanghai (B & S) for Sibu & Brunei

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AIRCRAFT

Movements

Arrivals

TODAY

DOAC ex-London/Bangkok 11.10 p.m.
CNAC ex-Canton 11.30 a.m. 12 noon
1.30 p.m. 2.30 p.m. 3.30 p.m. 4.30 p.m.
6 p.m. 7 p.m. 8 p.m. 9 p.m. 10 p.m.
11 p.m. 12 p.m. 1 p.m. 2 p.m. 3 p.m.
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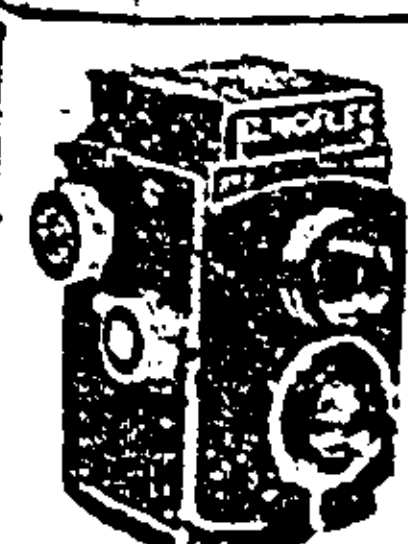
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9 p.m. 10 p.m. 11 p.m. 12 p.m.

TODAY

DOAC ex-London/Bangkok 11.10 p.m.
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Get One Today—
ELMOFLEX
CAMERAS
With a Self-Timer, Auto-Film-Counter and F3.5 Lens.
Reliable & Economical.

CHINA MAIL

HONG KONG, TUESDAY, OCTOBER 4, 1949.



Chan Chiu-cheong Breaks Mark For 100 Yards Breast

(By KIMBERLEY)

Chan Chiu-cheong of the Chinese YMCA chalked up the first new record in the 1949 Swim Championships yesterday when he returned 69.8 seconds for the 100 yards breast stroke to clip 0.2 of a second off the old mark set by Ng Niang in 1940.

His effort made him almost a certainty in this event as Tsang Ho-fook (EAA) was timed at 70.4 seconds when winning his heat against Chan Chiu-cheong, with the reigning champion Gerry Roza-Pereira of VRC placing third in 73 seconds.

Sonny Monteiro lived, to a certain extent, up to his club's expectations when he edged out Eastern's Cheong Kin-man to win the 220 yards free style heat in 2 minutes 25.8 seconds in a thrilling race.

The result however, still leaves much room for speculation as to whether Monteiro or Cheong will be the new record holder.

The 220 with Monteiro and Cheong in it was very much like the previous 220 races in which both had competed, except that the standard yesterday was a good deal better. Monteiro was fourth in a second off Wilfred Lawrence's 1935 mark, and Cheong a fifth of a second behind the VRC man.

As always, Monteiro set the pace. Cheong took off to stay a head behind his bitterest rival, still up and down the pool the two raced. Vic Matuk of VRC, for some time followed closed behind the two favourites, but dropped back at the last pace of Monteiro kept on.

Monteiro was going at an unusual speed. This was accentuated by the fact that on reaching the 100 mark turn Cheong Kin-man was a full body's length behind. This led many to believe that finally Monteiro had found a pace which the pride of EAA could not challenge.

The race worsened for Cheong as both swimmers approached the 150 mark, when Monteiro drew up to a lead of more than seven feet.

Cheong, however, remained exceptionally calm. He stroked at his usual pace, seemingly unmindful of Monteiro's anxiousness to get in front. They were now approaching the seventh turn, one more before the stretch home.

It was evident that Monteiro was forcing a lead to carry him over against Cheong's famous last spurt. Monteiro calculated well indeed.

Turning on the 175 mark, Cheong put greater power in his stroke. The seven-foot lead Monteiro had was soon shortened, with Cheong charging toward the last turn. Emerging from it, he crept up to the level of Monteiro's knee and was still traveling, with some 10 yards to go, Cheong's last spurt effort was such that at the finish, he had drawn up completely with Monteiro.

The VRC man however, with a longer stroke, tipped the woe the more two seconds ahead of the Chinese lad. It was a grand finish in championship form.

The 220 yards free style which marks the first event on the first night of the finals set for October 8, will without doubt, be one of the most thrilling events of the championships in a long time.

In the 100 yards breast stroke Chan Chiu-cheong is expected to beat Tsang Ho-fook in the final.

Easy Heat

Tsang Ho-fook, it must be said, had a comparatively easy heat swimming against Chan Chiu-cheong and the reigning champion, Gerry Roza-Pereira. Tsang beat both of them by some two seconds.

Chan Chiu-cheong, in his heat was well chased by Leung Tsak-ho of Eastern. For three lengths of the distance, the Eastern lad stroking almost as well as the new record holder, kept up the pace set by Chan. It was only during the last 25 that Leung slackened to finish in the second best time returned 71.8 seconds.

Following are the results of the heats swum off last night. All mentioned are qualified to swim in the finals.

Men's 220 yards free style Championships: Heat 1: Wong Kam-wah of Chinese YMCA (2/25.8), 2. Chan Chun-nam (VRC), 2/27.2.

Heat 2: Sonny Monteiro (VRC) 2/25.8, 2. Cheong Kin-man (EAA) 2/26.3, 3. Matuk (VRC) 2/33.6.

Diving: Ed. da Rosa, Chan Wai-sum (EAA), Wong King-woon.

LOCAL SOCCER GAMES

The following are the Hong Kong Football Association fixtures up to and including Thursday, October 13—

TODAY
First Division
Army v St. Joseph's, Sookumpoo, 5.30 p.m.; Referee: A.E.P. Guest.
Linesmen: A. Lock and L. Y. Ting-kai.

Club v Commando, Club, 5.30 p.m.; Referee: J. F. Ennis. Linesmen: A. Ribeiro and H.R. Richardson.

TOMORROW
First Division
Police v Navy, Boundary St., 5.30 p.m.; Referee: W. Gaffney. Linesmen: C.K. Woo and G.T. Grummitt.

Kit Chee v K.M.B. Club, 5.30 p.m.; Referee: H.J. Chinnall. Linesmen: I. Manson and J. Garagette.

Second Division
Army v Dockyard, Sookumpoo, 5.30 p.m.; Referee: Li Bing-tong. Eastern v Prisoners, Caroline Hill, 5.30 p.m.; Referee: S.Y. Kwok.

Navy v Club, Navy, 5.30 p.m.; Referee: D.L. Lai.

St. Joseph's v P.C.A., St. Joseph's, 5.30 p.m.; Referee: G. Hobley.

RAF v Yard Police, Kai Tak, 5.30 p.m.; Referee: Chan Tak-fai.

THURSDAY, OCTOBER 6
First Division
CAA v Kwong Wah, Boundary St., 5.30 p.m.; Referee: F.J. Cross. Linesmen: W. Gibson and P.M. Xavier.

South China v Eastern, Caroline Hill, 5.30 p.m.; Referee: J.C. Padley. Linesmen: K.M. Ashton and E.A. Stubley.

Second Division
South China v Kit Chee, Caroline Hill, 5.30 p.m.; Referee: J. McParlan.

University, Boundary St., 5.30 p.m.; Referee: W. Gibson. Taihook v Police, St. Joseph's, 5.30 p.m.; Referee: I. A. Noonoy.

News Vendor v Solicitors' Club, 5.30 p.m.; Referee: F.E. Parcial.

First Division
CAA v K.M.B. Boundary St., 5.30 p.m.; Referee: A.E.P. Guest. Linesmen: W. Gibson and H. Richardson.

Army v Commando, Sookumpoo, 5.30 p.m.; Referee: J.P. Ennis. Linesmen: J. Garagette and C. Lennard.

South China v Club, Caroline Hill, 5.30 p.m.; Referee: J.G. Padley. Linesmen: A. Ribeiro and E. Snowling.

Second Division
South China v Army, Caroline Hill, 5.30 p.m.; Referee: E. Snowling.

University v News Vendor, Club, 5.30 p.m.; Referee: P. Manson. Club v St. Joseph's, Club, 5.30 p.m.; Referee: D.T. Smith.

Dockyard v Eastern, Navy, 5.30 p.m.; Referee: J.W. West.

Police v P.C.A., Navy, 5.30 p.m.; Referee: Li Yik-tak.

Prisoners v Taihook, St. Joseph's, 5.30 p.m.; Referee: K.M. Ashton.

SUNDAY, OCTOBER 9
First Division
St. Joseph's v RAF, Club, 5.30 p.m.; Referee: P.A. Mooney. Linesmen: Li Bing-tong and S.Y. Kwok.

Kong Wah v Eastern, Caroline Hill, 5.30 p.m.; Referee: E. Snowling. Linesmen: D.P. Lai and G.H. Vernon.

Police v Kit Chee, Boundary St., 5.30 p.m.; Referee: H.J. Chinnall. Linesmen: P.M. Xavier and E.A. Stubley.

Second Division
Kit Chee v CAA, Club, 5.30 p.m.; Referee: Li Bing-tong. Solicitors' v RAF, Caroline Hill, 5.30 p.m.; Referee: G.H. Vernon.

Police v Navy, Boundary St., 5.30 p.m.; Referee: E.A. Stubley.

Event No. 1. Heat No. 1. Men's 800 yards Free Style. Colony Championships.
Lane No. 1. Victor Matuk (VRC).
Lane No. 2. Chan Chun-nam (Lai Tsun).

Event No. 2. Heat No. 2. Men's 800 yards Free Style. Colony Championships.
Lane No. 1. Wong Kai-chee (Chinese YMCA).
Lane No. 2. Wong Kam-wah (Chinese YMCA).

Event No. 3. Heat No. 1. Men's 100 yards Back Stroke. Colony Championships.
Lane No. 1. D. Colloca.
Lane No. 2. P. Thompson.

Event No. 4. Heat No. 2. Men's 100 yards Back Stroke. Colony Championships.
Lane No. 1. Cheung Uee Hung (Hoi Tin).
Lane No. 2. P. Thompson (VRC).

Event No. 5. Heat No. 1. Men's 100 yards Back Stroke. Colony Championships.
Lane No. 1. A. K. Rummah (VRC).
Lane No. 2. A. B. Tilt (Royal Navy).

Event No. 6. Heat No. 2. Men's 100 yards Back Stroke. Colony Championships.
Lane No. 1. Cheung Uee Hung (Hoi Tin).
Lane No. 2. P. Thompson (VRC).

Event No. 7. Heat No. 1. Women's 220 yards Free Style. Colony Championships.
Lane No. 1. Doris Barten (VRC).
Lane No. 2. Kwok Ngan-hung (Lai Tsun).

Event No. 8. Heat No. 2. Women's 220 yards Free Style. Colony Championships.
Lane No. 1. Doris Barten (VRC).
Lane No. 2. Kwok Ngan-hung (Lai Tsun).

Event No. 9. Heat No. 1. Men's 100 yards Back Stroke. Colony Championships.
Lane No. 1. D. Colloca.
Lane No. 2. P. Thompson.

Event No. 10. Heat No. 2. Men's 100 yards Back Stroke. Colony Championships.
Lane No. 1. Cheung Uee Hung (Hoi Tin).
Lane No. 2. P. Thompson (VRC).

Event No. 11. Heat No. 1. Men's 100 yards Back Stroke. Colony Championships.
Lane No. 1. A. K. Rummah (VRC).
Lane No. 2. A. B. Tilt (Royal Navy).

Event No. 12. Heat No. 2. Men's 100 yards Back Stroke. Colony Championships.
Lane No. 1. Cheung Uee Hung (Hoi Tin).
Lane No. 2. P. Thompson (VRC).

Event No. 13. Heat No. 1. Women's 220 yards Free Style. Colony Championships.
Lane No. 1. Doris Barten (VRC).
Lane No. 2. Kwok Ngan-hung (Lai Tsun).

Event No. 14. Heat No. 2. Women's 220 yards Free Style. Colony Championships.
Lane No. 1. Doris Barten (VRC).
Lane No. 2. Kwok Ngan-hung (Lai Tsun).

Event No. 15. Heat No. 1. Men's 100 yards Back Stroke. Colony Championships.
Lane No. 1. D. Colloca.
Lane No. 2. P. Thompson.

Event No. 16. Heat No. 2. Men's 100 yards Back Stroke. Colony Championships.
Lane No. 1. Cheung Uee Hung (Hoi Tin).
Lane No. 2. P. Thompson (VRC).

Event No. 17. Heat No. 1. Men's 100 yards Back Stroke. Colony Championships.
Lane No. 1. A. K. Rummah (VRC).
Lane No. 2. A. B. Tilt (Royal Navy).

Event No. 18. Heat No. 2. Men's 100 yards Back Stroke. Colony Championships.
Lane No. 1. Cheung Uee Hung (Hoi Tin).
Lane No. 2. P. Thompson (VRC).

Event No. 19. Heat No. 1. Women's 220 yards Free Style. Colony Championships.
Lane No. 1. Doris Barten (VRC).
Lane No. 2. Kwok Ngan-hung (Lai Tsun).

Event No. 20. Heat No. 2. Women's 220 yards Free Style. Colony Championships.
Lane No. 1. Doris Barten (VRC).
Lane No. 2. Kwok Ngan-hung (Lai Tsun).

Event No. 21. Heat No. 1. Men's 100 yards Back Stroke. Colony Championships.
Lane No. 1. D. Colloca.
Lane No. 2. P. Thompson.

Event No. 22. Heat No. 2. Men's 100 yards Back Stroke. Colony Championships.
Lane No. 1. Cheung Uee Hung (Hoi Tin).
Lane No. 2. P. Thompson (VRC).

Event No. 23. Heat No. 1. Men's 100 yards Back Stroke. Colony Championships.
Lane No. 1. A. K. Rummah (VRC).
Lane No. 2. A. B. Tilt (Royal Navy).

Event No. 24. Heat No. 2. Men's 100 yards Back Stroke. Colony Championships.
Lane No. 1. Cheung Uee Hung (Hoi Tin).
Lane No. 2. P. Thompson (VRC).

Event No. 25. Heat No. 1. Women's 220 yards Free Style. Colony Championships.
Lane No. 1. Doris Barten (VRC).
Lane No. 2. Kwok Ngan-hung (Lai Tsun).

Event No. 26. Heat No. 2. Women's 220 yards Free Style. Colony Championships.
Lane No. 1. Doris Barten (VRC).
Lane No. 2. Kwok Ngan-hung (Lai Tsun).

Event No. 27. Heat No. 1. Men's 100 yards Back Stroke. Colony Championships.
Lane No. 1. D. Colloca.
Lane No. 2. P. Thompson.

Event No. 28. Heat No. 2. Men's 100 yards Back Stroke. Colony Championships.
Lane No. 1. Cheung Uee Hung (Hoi Tin).
Lane No. 2. P. Thompson (VRC).

Event No. 29. Heat No. 1. Men's 100 yards Back Stroke. Colony Championships.
Lane No. 1. A. K. Rummah (VRC).
Lane No. 2. A. B. Tilt (Royal Navy).

Event No. 30. Heat No. 2. Men's 100 yards Back Stroke. Colony Championships.
Lane No. 1. Cheung Uee Hung (Hoi Tin).
Lane No. 2. P. Thompson (VRC).

Event No. 31. Heat No. 1. Women's 220 yards Free Style. Colony Championships.
Lane No. 1. Doris Barten (VRC).
Lane No. 2. Kwok Ngan-hung (Lai Tsun).

Event No. 32. Heat No. 2. Women's 220 yards Free Style. Colony Championships.
Lane No. 1. Doris Barten (VRC).
Lane No. 2. Kwok Ngan-hung (Lai Tsun).

Event No. 33. Heat No. 1. Men's 100 yards Back Stroke. Colony Championships.
Lane No. 1. D. Colloca.
Lane No. 2. P. Thompson.

Event No. 34. Heat No. 2. Men's 100 yards Back Stroke. Colony Championships.
Lane No. 1. Cheung Uee Hung (Hoi Tin).
Lane No. 2. P. Thompson (VRC).

Event No. 35. Heat No. 1. Men's 100 yards Back Stroke. Colony Championships.
Lane No. 1. A. K. Rummah (VRC).
Lane No. 2. A. B. Tilt (Royal Navy).

Event No. 36. Heat No. 2. Men's 100 yards Back Stroke. Colony Championships.
Lane No. 1. Cheung Uee Hung (Hoi Tin).
Lane No. 2. P. Thompson (VRC).

Event No. 37. Heat No. 1. Women's 220 yards Free Style. Colony Championships.
Lane No. 1. Doris Barten (VRC).
Lane No. 2. Kwok Ngan-hung (Lai Tsun).

Event No. 38. Heat No. 2. Women's 220 yards Free Style. Colony Championships.
Lane No. 1. Doris Barten (VRC).
Lane No. 2. Kwok Ngan-hung (Lai Tsun).

Event No. 39. Heat No. 1. Men's 100 yards Back Stroke. Colony Championships.
Lane No. 1. D. Colloca.
Lane No. 2. P. Thompson.

Event No. 40. Heat No. 2. Men's 100 yards Back Stroke. Colony Championships.
Lane No. 1. Cheung Uee Hung (Hoi Tin).
Lane No. 2. P. Thompson (VRC).

Event No. 41. Heat No. 1. Men's 100 yards Back Stroke. Colony Championships.
Lane No. 1. A. K. Rummah (VRC).
Lane No. 2. A. B. Tilt (Royal Navy).

Event No. 42. Heat No. 2. Men's 100 yards Back Stroke. Colony Championships.
Lane No. 1. Cheung Uee Hung (Hoi Tin).
Lane No. 2. P. Thompson (VRC).

Event No. 43. Heat No. 1. Women's 220 yards Free Style. Colony Championships.
Lane No. 1. Doris Barten (VRC).
Lane No. 2. Kwok Ngan-hung (Lai Tsun).

Event No. 44. Heat No. 2. Women's 220 yards Free Style. Colony Championships.
Lane No. 1. Doris Barten (VRC).
Lane No. 2. Kwok Ngan-hung (Lai Tsun).

Event No. 45. Heat No. 1. Men's 100 yards Back Stroke. Colony Championships.
Lane No. 1. D. Colloca.
Lane No. 2. P. Thompson.

Event No. 46. Heat No. 2. Men's 100 yards Back Stroke. Colony Championships.
Lane No. 1. Cheung Uee Hung (Hoi Tin).
Lane No. 2. P. Thompson (VRC).

Event No. 47. Heat No. 1. Men's 100 yards Back Stroke. Colony Championships.
Lane No. 1. A. K. Rummah (VRC).
Lane No. 2. A. B. Tilt (Royal Navy).

Event No. 48. Heat No. 2. Men's 100 yards Back Stroke. Colony Championships.
Lane No. 1. Cheung Uee Hung (Hoi Tin).
Lane No. 2. P. Thompson (VRC).

Event No. 49. Heat No. 1. Women's 220 yards Free Style. Colony Championships.
Lane No. 1. Doris Barten (VRC).
Lane No. 2. Kwok Ngan-hung (Lai Tsun).

Event No. 50. Heat No. 2. Women's 220 yards Free Style. Colony Championships.
Lane No. 1. Doris Barten (VRC).
Lane No. 2. Kwok Ngan-hung (Lai Tsun).

Event No. 51. Heat No. 1. Men's 100 yards Back Stroke. Colony Championships.
Lane No. 1. D. Colloca.
Lane No. 2. P. Thompson.

Event No. 52. Heat No. 2. Men's 100 yards Back Stroke. Colony Championships.
Lane No. 1. Cheung Uee Hung (Hoi Tin).
Lane No. 2. P. Thompson (VRC).

Event No. 53. Heat No. 1. Men's 100 yards Back Stroke. Colony Championships.
Lane No. 1. A. K. Rummah (VRC).
Lane No. 2. A. B. Tilt (Royal Navy).

Event No. 54. Heat No. 2. Men's 100 yards Back Stroke. Colony Championships.
Lane No. 1. Cheung Uee Hung (Hoi Tin).
Lane No. 2. P. Thompson (VRC).

Event No. 55. Heat No. 1. Women's 220 yards Free Style. Colony Championships.
Lane No. 1. Doris Barten (VRC).
Lane No. 2. Kwok Ngan-hung (Lai Tsun).

Event No. 56. Heat No. 2. Women's 220 yards Free Style. Colony Championships.
Lane No. 1. Doris Barten (VRC).
Lane No. 2. Kwok Ngan-hung (Lai Tsun).

Event No. 57. Heat No. 1. Men's 100 yards Back Stroke. Colony Championships.
Lane No. 1. D. Colloca.
Lane No. 2. P. Thompson.

Event No. 58. Heat No. 2. Men's 100 yards Back Stroke. Colony Championships.
Lane No. 1. Cheung Uee Hung (Hoi Tin).
Lane No. 2. P. Thompson (VRC).

Event No. 59. Heat No. 1. Men's 100 yards Back Stroke. Colony Championships.
Lane No. 1. A. K. Rummah (VRC).
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Event No. 62. Heat No. 2. Women's 220 yards Free Style. Colony Championships.
Lane No. 1. Doris Barten (VRC).
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Event No. 63. Heat No. 1. Men's 100 yards Back Stroke. Colony Championships.
Lane No. 1. D. Colloca.
Lane No. 2. P. Thompson.

Event No. 64. Heat No. 2. Men's 100 yards Back Stroke. Colony Championships.
Lane No. 1. Cheung Uee Hung (Hoi Tin).
Lane No. 2. P. Thompson (VRC).

Event No. 65. Heat No. 1. Men's 100 yards Back Stroke. Colony Championships.
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Lane No. 2. A. B. Tilt (Royal Navy).

Event No. 66. Heat No. 2. Men's 100 yards Back Stroke. Colony Championships.
Lane No. 1. Cheung Uee Hung (Hoi Tin).
Lane No. 2. P. Thompson (VRC).

Event No. 67. Heat No. 1. Women's 220 yards Free Style. Colony Championships.
Lane No. 1. Doris Barten (VRC).
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Event No. 68. Heat No. 2. Women's 220 yards Free Style. Colony Championships.
Lane No. 1. Doris Barten (VRC).
Lane No. 2. Kwok Ngan-hung (Lai Tsun).

Event No. 69. Heat No. 1. Men's 100 yards Back Stroke. Colony Championships.
Lane No. 1. D. Colloca.
Lane No. 2. P. Thompson.

Event No. 70. Heat No. 2. Men's 100 yards Back Stroke. Colony Championships.
Lane No. 1. Cheung Uee Hung (Hoi Tin).
Lane No. 2. P. Thompson (VRC).

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Event No. 74. Heat No. 2. Women's 220 yards Free Style. Colony Championships.
Lane No. 1. Doris Barten (VRC).
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Event No. 75. Heat No. 1. Men's 100 yards Back Stroke. Colony Championships.
Lane No. 1. D. Colloca.
Lane No. 2. P. Thompson.

Event No. 76. Heat No. 2. Men's 100 yards Back Stroke. Colony Championships.
Lane No. 1. Cheung Uee Hung (Hoi Tin).
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